



# **Concrete Syntax Definition for Modeling Languages**

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# Contents

- Introduction

- Software Engineering
- Model Driven Engineering
- Language Definition

- Concrete Syntaxes

- Textual concrete syntax definition
- Graphical concrete syntax definition

- Conclusions and outlook

# Productivity Gains in SE

- ***Methodologies***

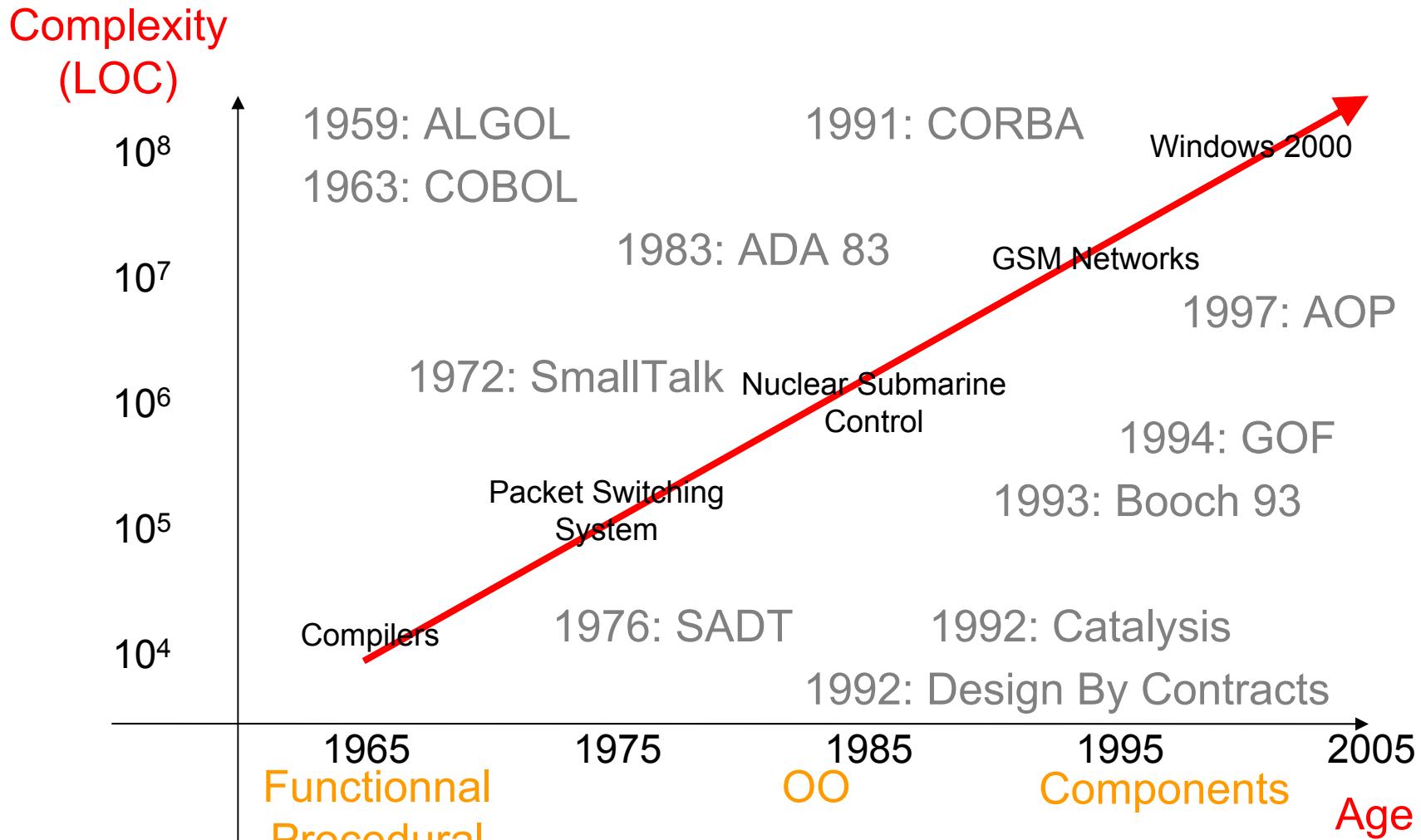
- SADT
- Fusion
- OMT
- Booch
- Catalysis
- RUP
- Fondué
- SEAM
- ...

- ***Abstraction Techniques***

- Punched Cards
- Assembly Code
- Functional / Procedural Programming
- Object-Oriented Programming
- Patterns
- Concurrent Programming
- Component-Oriented Programming / Middleware
- Design by Contracts
- Aspect-Oriented Programming
- Product Family Engineering
- ...

Made possible/necessary  
thanks to/because of  
evolution of hardware...

# Consequence: Production Gains



*Remark: A new paradigm needs around 10 years to be mature*

# Major Lessons

## ● SE Best Practices

- Reuse / Develop for reuse
- Refinement / Refactoring
- Prototyping
- Test / Verification / Validation
- Communication / Documentation

## ● Problems

- Requirements ***change***
  - Nokia: 50% changed after finalization ; 60% of them at least twice
- Platforms ***change***
  - OS, Languages, Databases, Middleware, ...
- Development technology ***change***
  - Compilers, Code generators, Frameworks, ...
- People ***change***
  - Especially for systems developed 30 years ago !

# Models

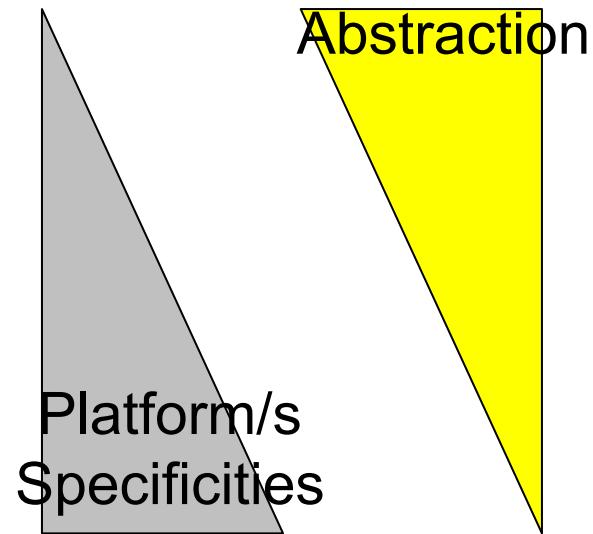
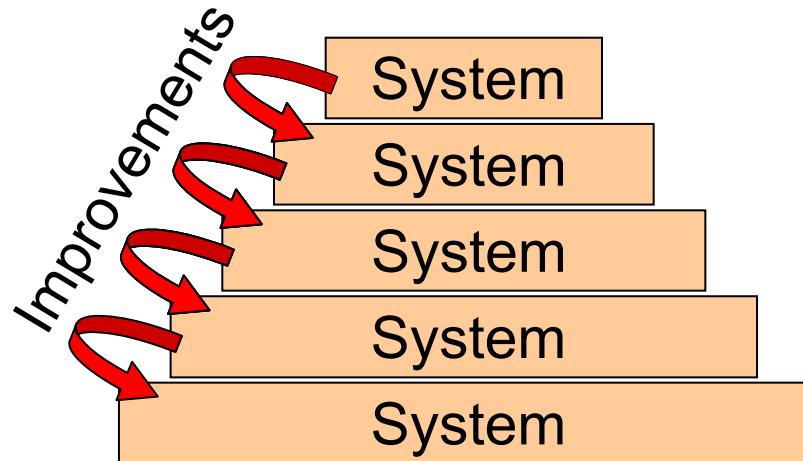
- Abstract away details
  - Use paradigms rather than technologies
  - Enhance productivity and production !
- Human friendly
  - Different views of the same system
- Cheap to manipulate and maintain
- Models at any abstraction level
  - Use cases, Business models, SDL, CCM, B, ...

Used most of the time for

- Documentation / communication
- Analysis
- Prototyping

***Often drawings out of sync with (code) reality !***

# Software Engineering



- Test
- Validation
- Verification



- Iteration ≠
- Level of Abstraction ≠
- Level of Detail

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## ● Introduction

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## ● Concrete Syntaxes

- Textual concrete syntax definition
- Graphical concrete syntax definition

## ● Conclusions

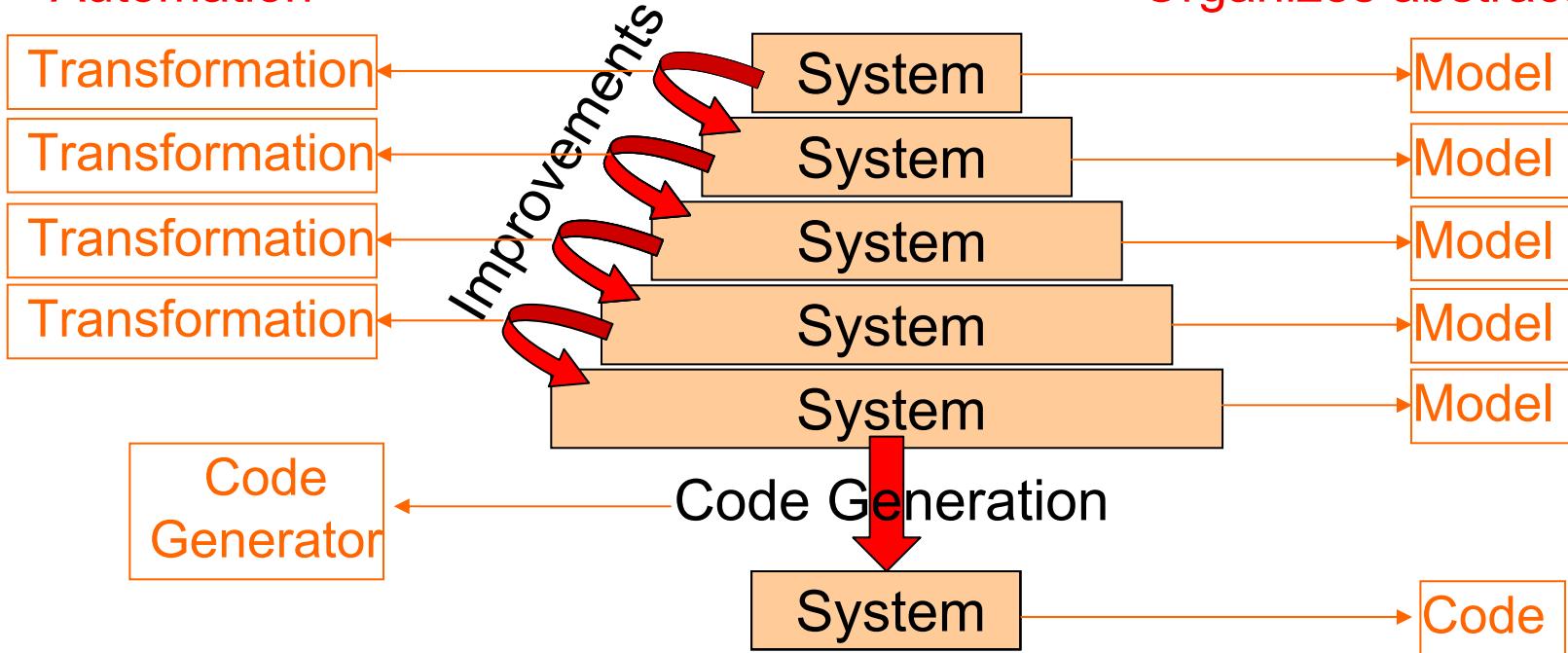
# SE with Models

## Model Driven Engineering (MDE)

“From contemplative to productive”

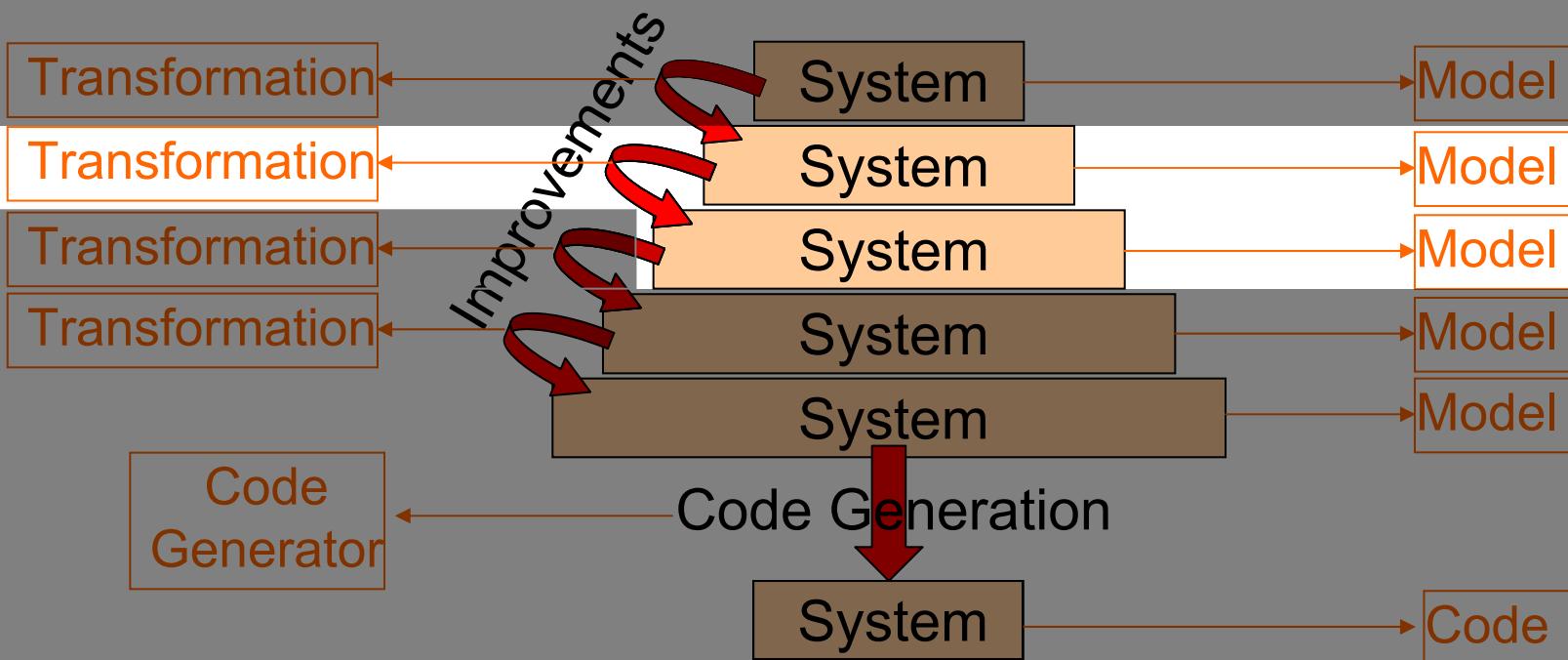
Automation

Organizes abstraction



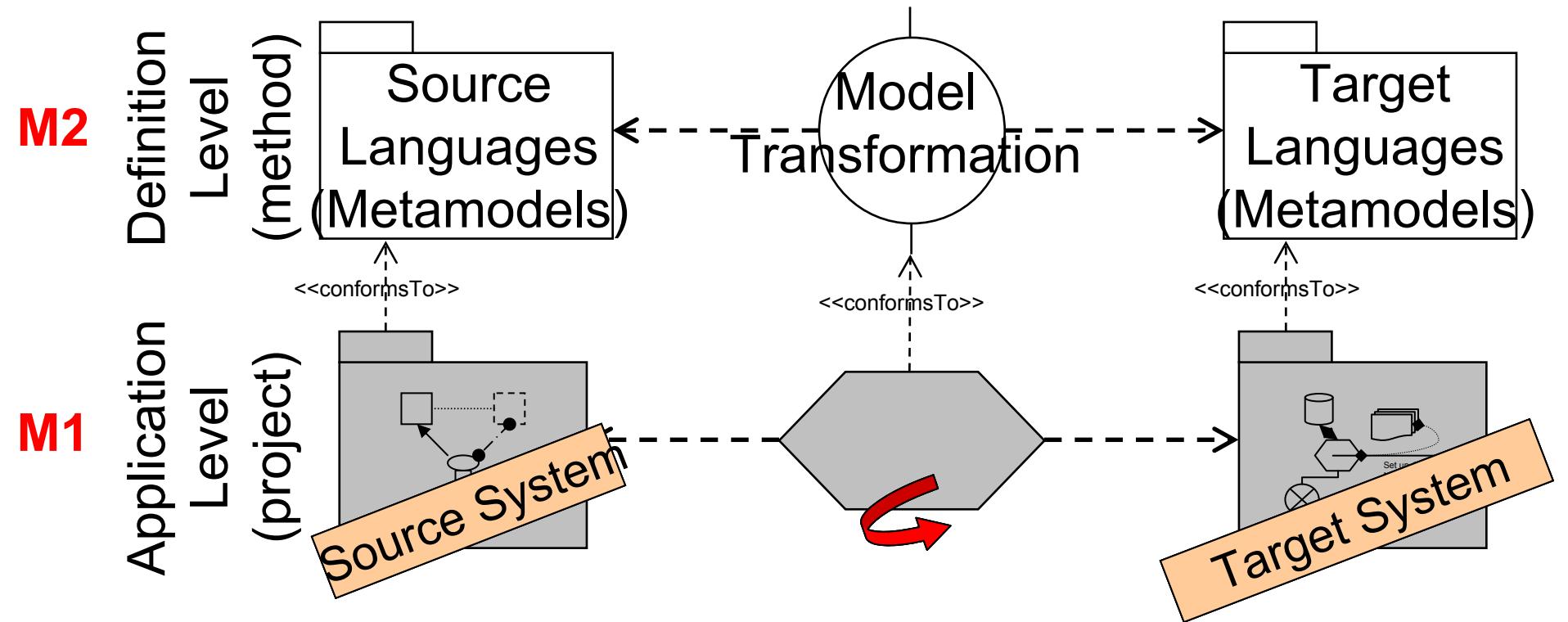
- Test → **GENERATION**
- Validation → **PROTOTYPING**
- Verification → **MODEL CHECKING**

# Model Driven Engineering

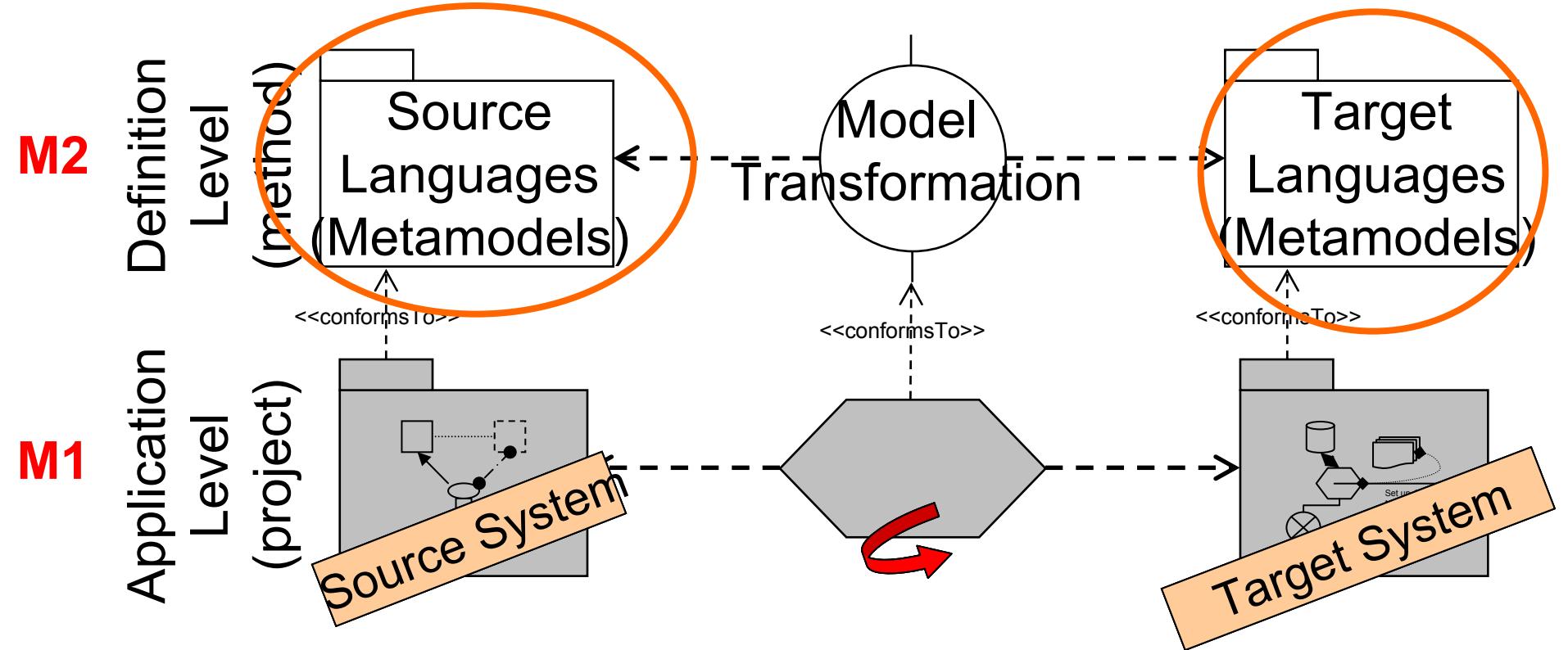


- Test → **GENERATION**
- Validation → **PROTOTYPING**
- Verification → **MODEL CHECKING**

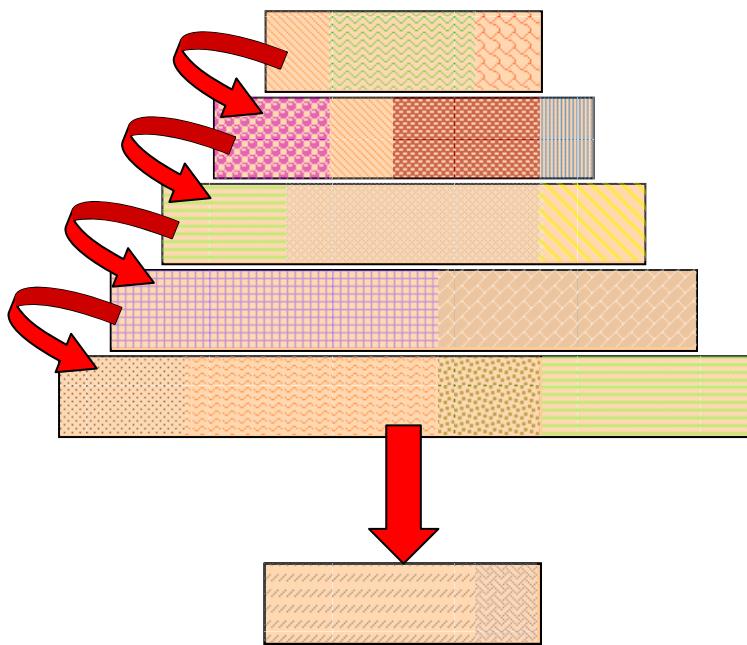
# Model Driven Engineering



# Model Driven Engineering



# Questions Raised

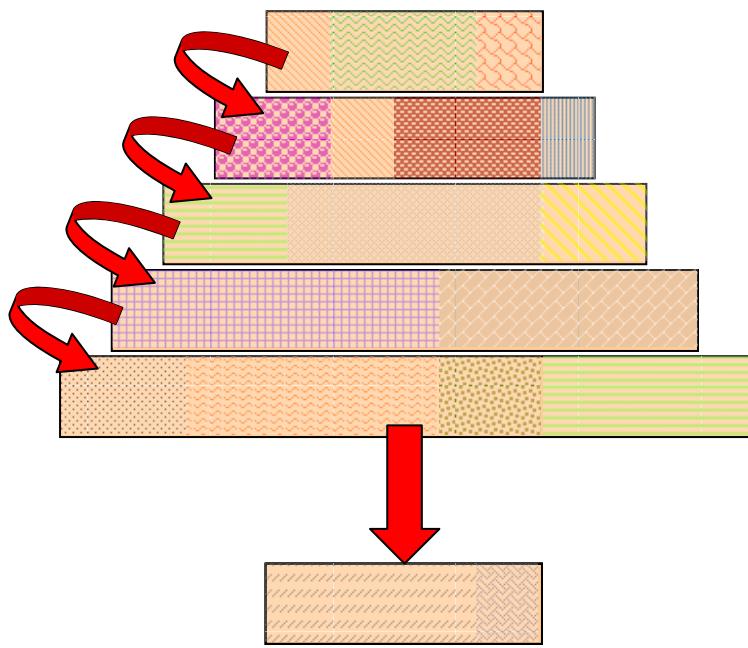


- What language for describing systems ?
  - E.g. E-Banking
    - From Use Cases...
    - ...to Oracle Schema + EJB + JSP
  - E.g. Subway
    - From Use Cases...
    - ... to Wireless JavaCard
    - ...
- One unique language is not enough !
  - Domain Specific Languages
    - Small languages
  - Define YOURSELF the right level of abstraction !

**Domain Specific Modeling**

# Questions Raised

## Domain Specific Modeling



- Support for language engineering

# Contents

- **Introduction**

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- Language Definition

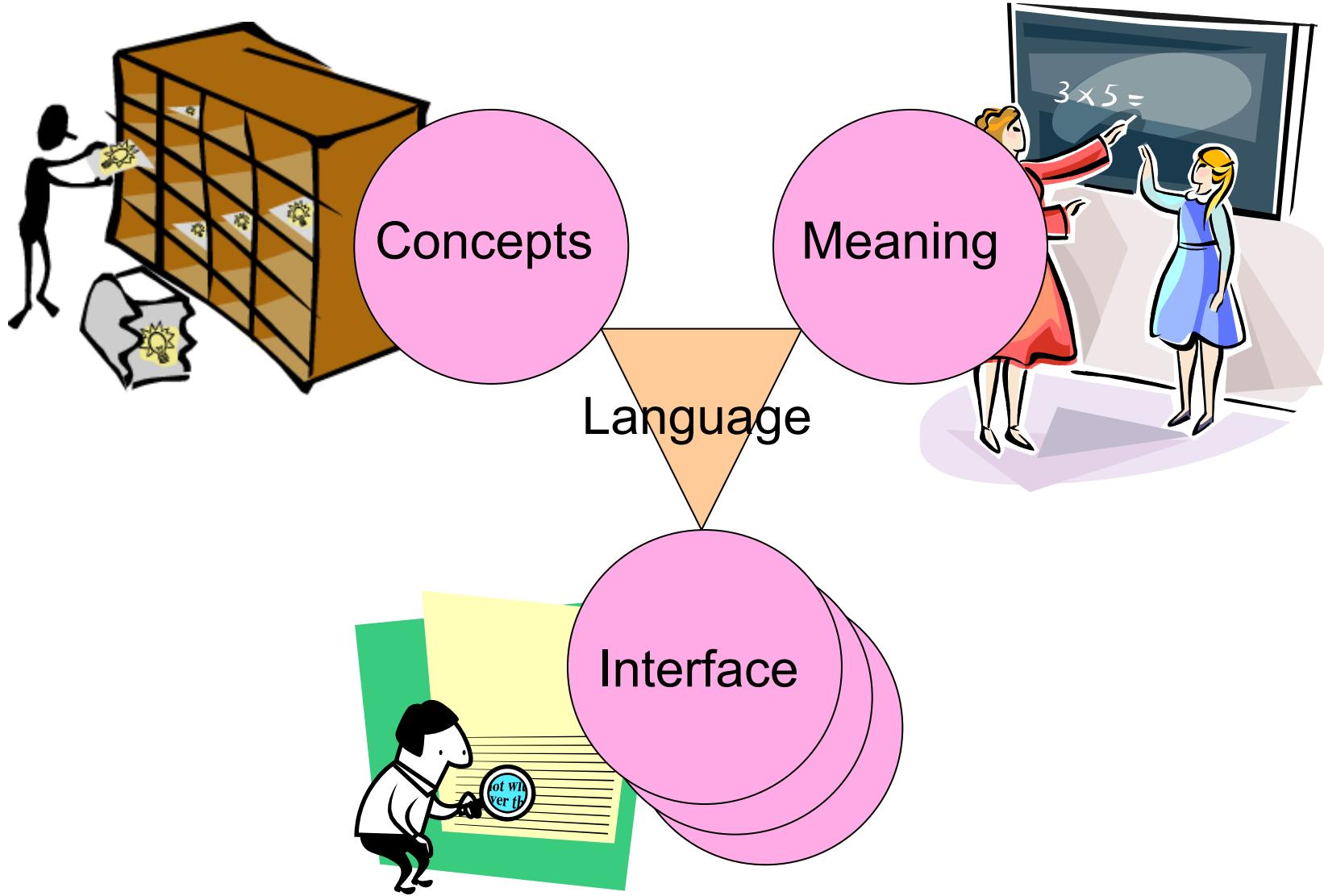
- **Concrete Syntaxes**

- Textual concrete syntax definition
- Graphical concrete syntax definition

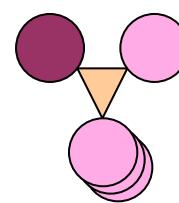
- **Conclusions**

# Language Definition

M2

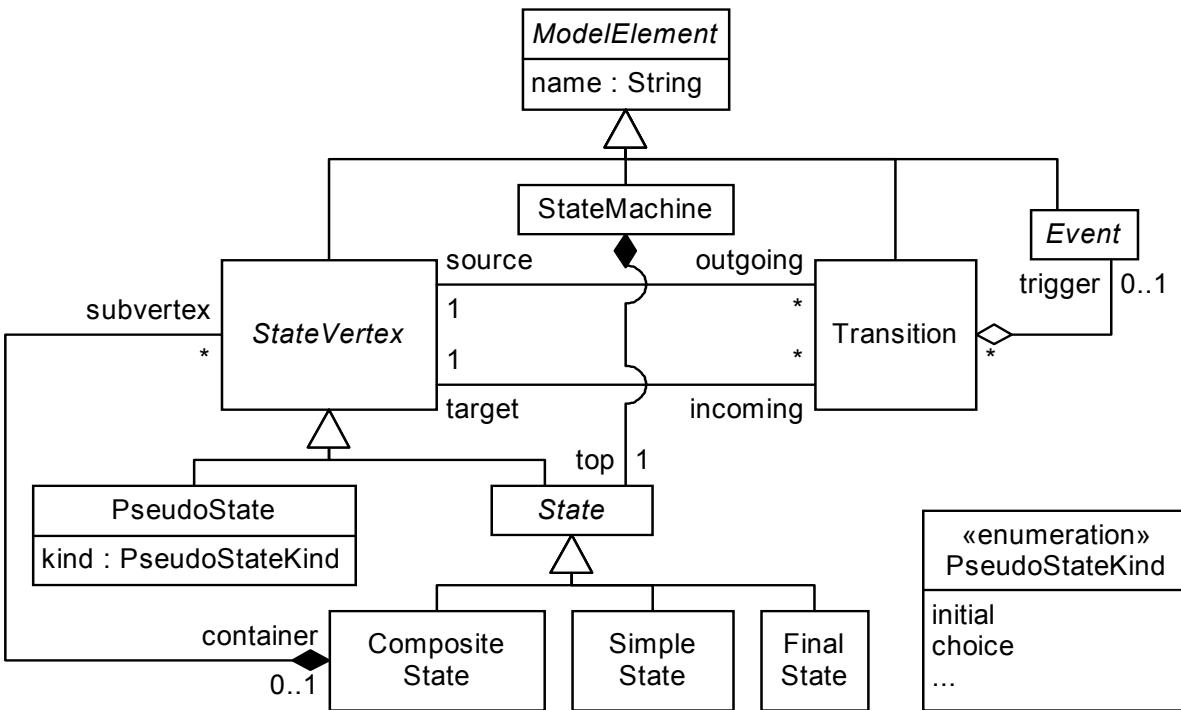


# Concepts Definition



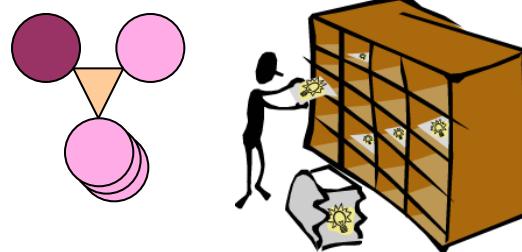
M2

## Abstract Syntax

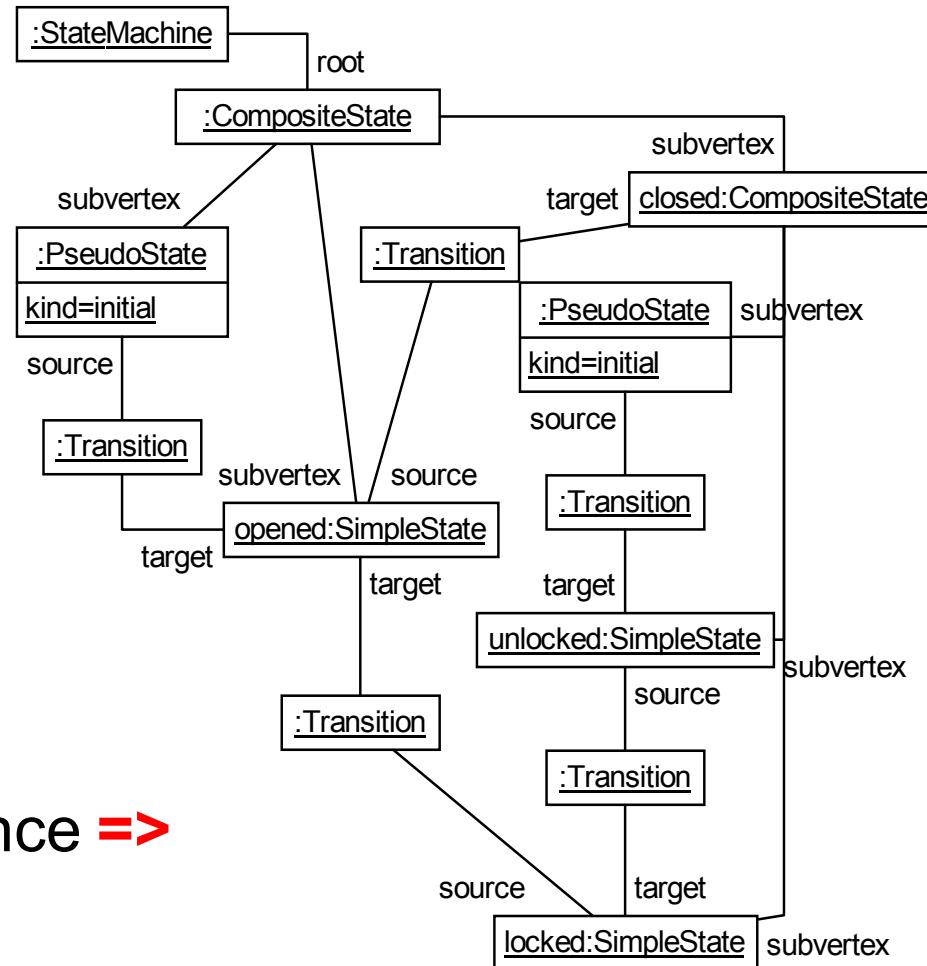
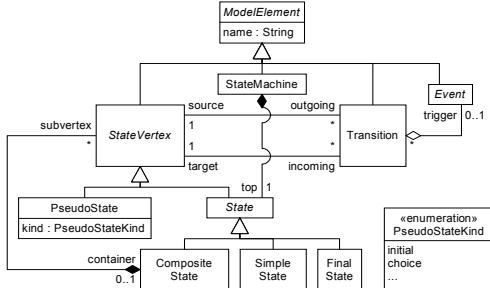


# Concepts Definition

M1

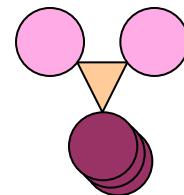


## Abstract Syntax



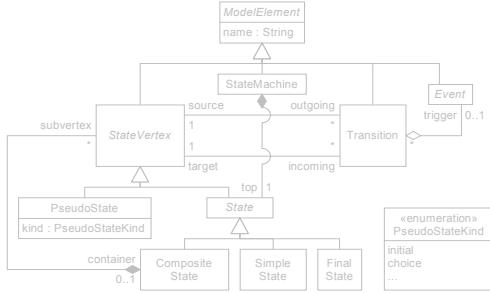
An (M1) sentence =>

# Interface Definition



M2

## Abstract Syntax + Concrete Syntax(es)



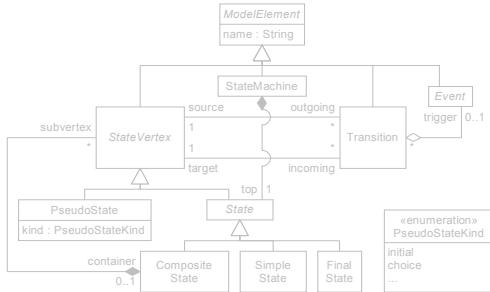
```
sm ::= "Statemachine" IDENT compositeState
state ::= normalState | pseudostate
normalState ::= "initial"? (simpleState | compositeState)
simpleState ::= "State" IDENT
compositeState ::= "CompositeState IDENT? LCURLYBRACKET
                  (state | transition)* RCURLYBRACKET
transition ::= "Transition" IDENT? "from" IDENT
              "to" IDENT ("on" IDENT)?
pseudostate ::= "FinalState" IDENT | "Choice" IDENT
```

# Interface Definition



M1

## Abstract Syntax + Concrete Syntax(es)



```
sm ::= "Statemachine" IDENT compositeState  
  
state ::= normalState | pseudostate  
  
normalState ::= "initial"? (simpleState | compositeState)  
  
simpleState ::= "State" IDENT  
  
compositeState ::= "CompositeState IDENT? LCURLYBRACKET  
                    (state | transition)* RCURLYBRACKET  
  
transition ::= "Transition" IDENT? "from" IDENT  
                "to" IDENT ("on" IDENT)?  
  
pseudostate ::= "FinalState" IDENT | "Choice" IDENT
```

### StateMachine Door

#### CompositeState {

**initial State** opened

#### CompositeState closed {

**initial State** unlocked

**State** locked

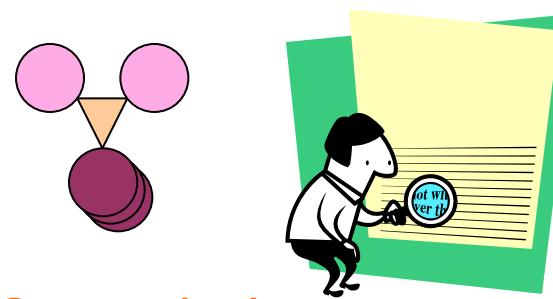
**Transition from** unlocked

**to** locked **on** lock

<= An (M1) sentence

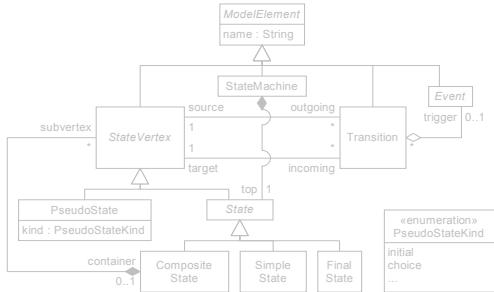
...

# Interface Definition



M2

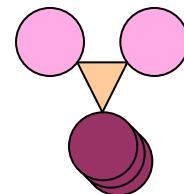
Abstract Syntax + Concrete Syntax(es)



Transition	SimpleState	Composite State	FinalState	PseudoState (initial)	PseudoState (choice)
-event->	name	name contents	●	●	○

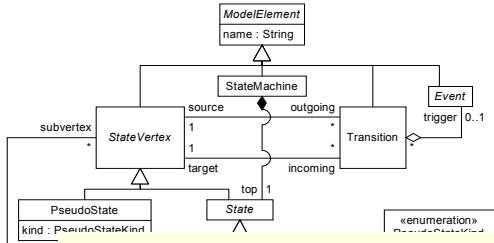
- In practice
  - Layout constraints
  - User interactions

# Interface Definition

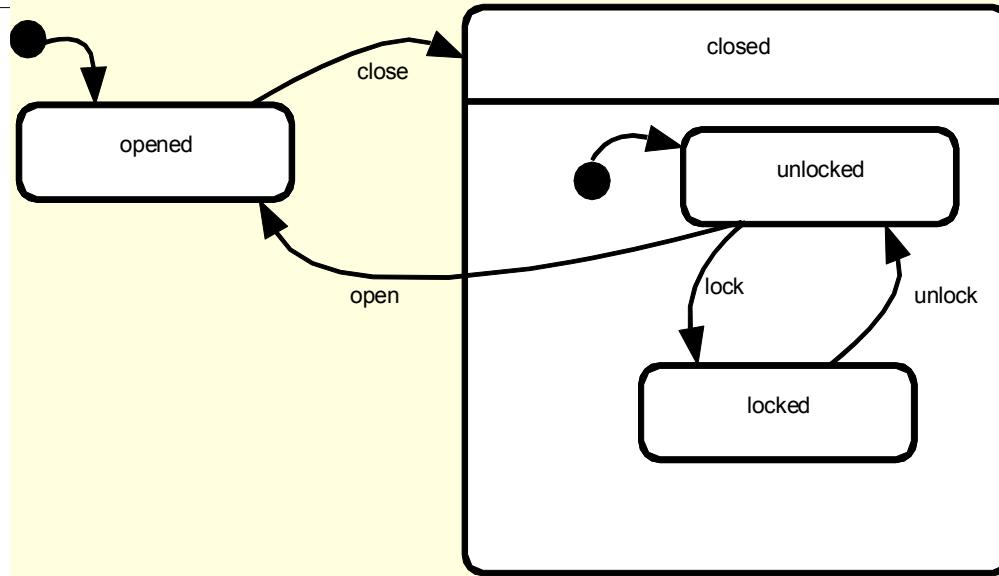


M1

Abstract Syntax + Concrete Syntax(es)

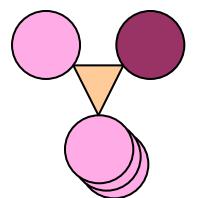


Transition	SimpleState	Composite State	FinalState	PseudoState (initial)	PseudoState (choice)
-event->					



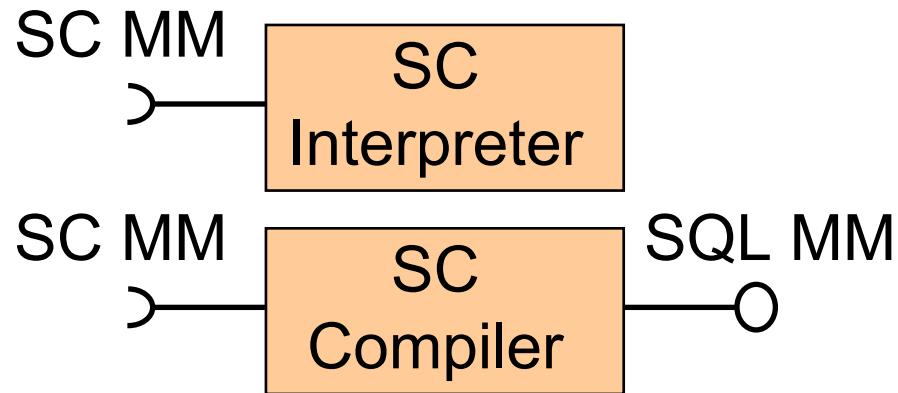
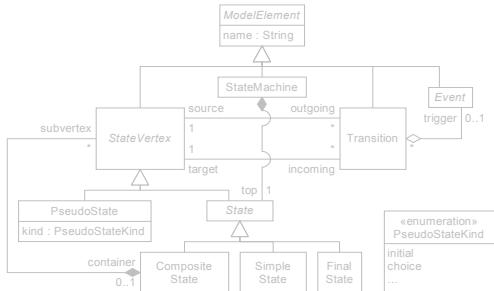
<= An (M1) sentence

# Meaning Definition



M2

Abstract Syntax + Concrete Syntax(es) + Semantics



Transition	SimpleState	Composite State	FinalState	PseudoState (initial)	PseudoState (choice)
-event->	name	name contents	@	●	○

or

```
sm ::= "Statemachine" IDENT compositeState
state ::= normalState | pseudostate
normalState ::= "initial"? (simpleState | compositeState)
simpleState ::= "State" IDENT
compositeState ::= "CompositeState" IDENT? LCURLYBRACKET
(state | transition)* RCURLYBRACKET
transition ::= "Transition" IDENT? "from" IDENT "to"
IDENT ("on" IDENT)?
pseudoState ::= "FinalState" IDENT | "Choice" IDENT
```

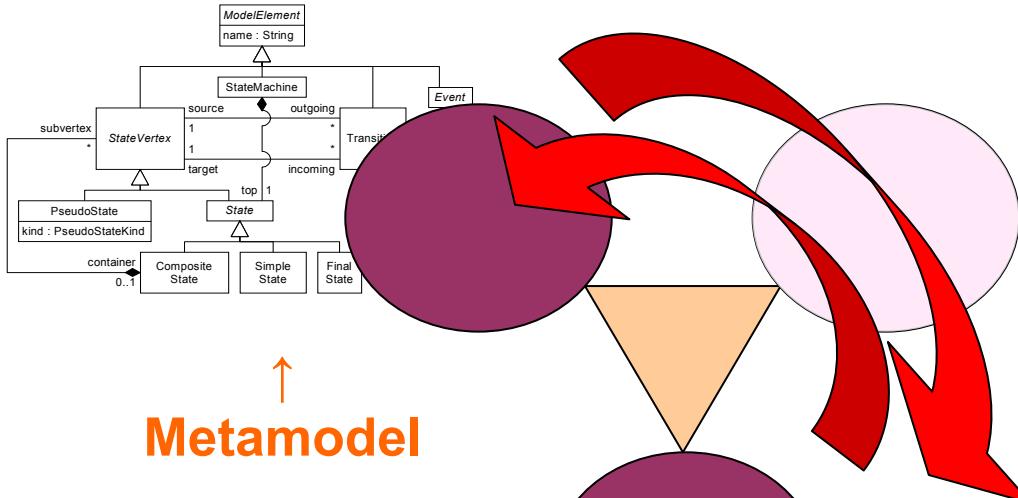
● Research issue

# Language Definition

M2



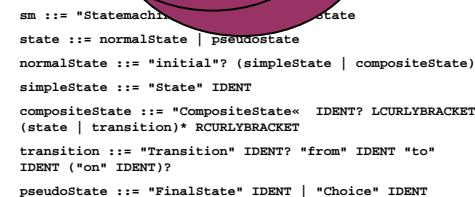
# Abstract Syntax + Concrete Syntax(es)



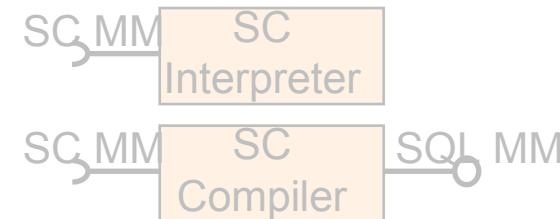
# Metamodel



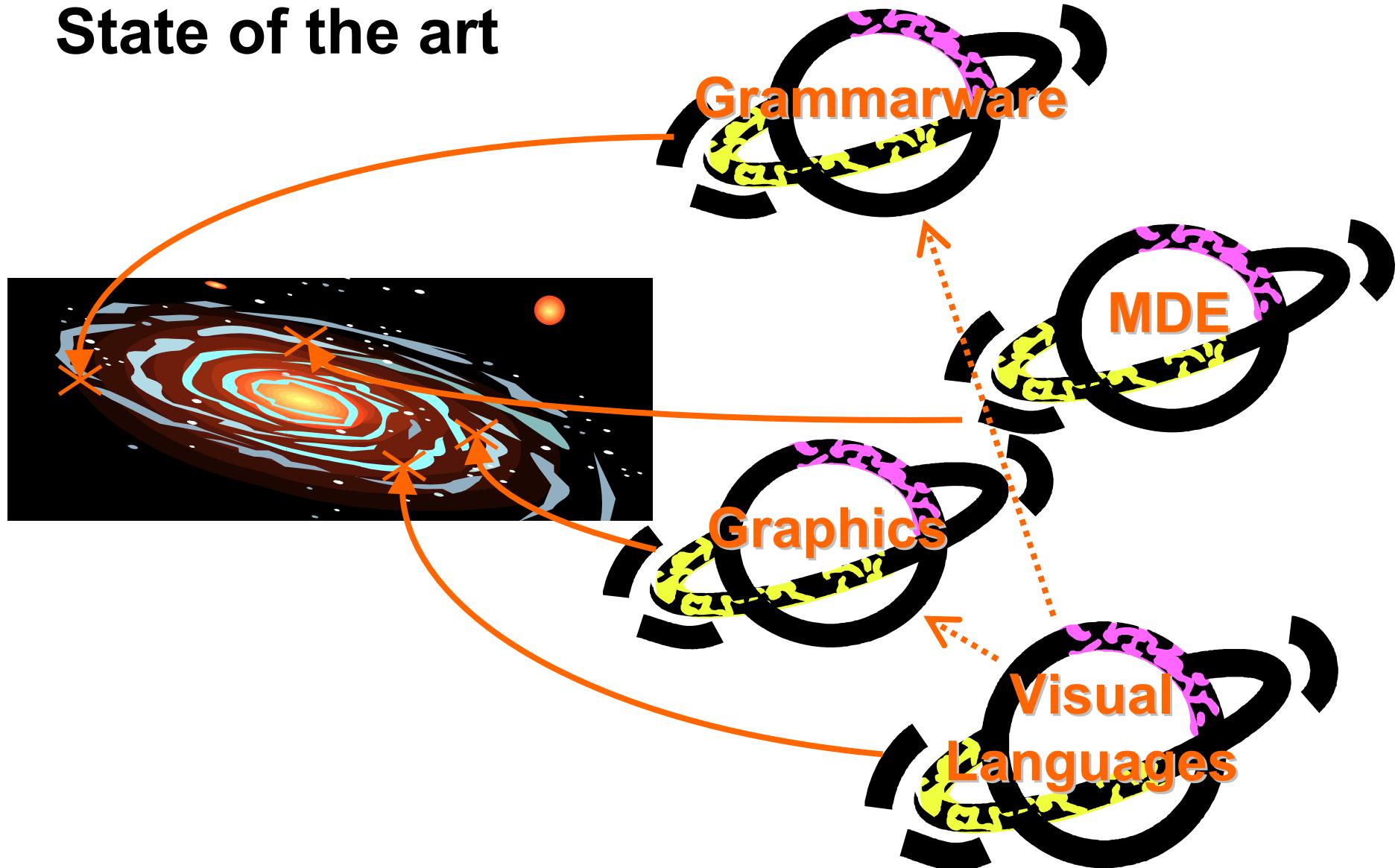
??? →



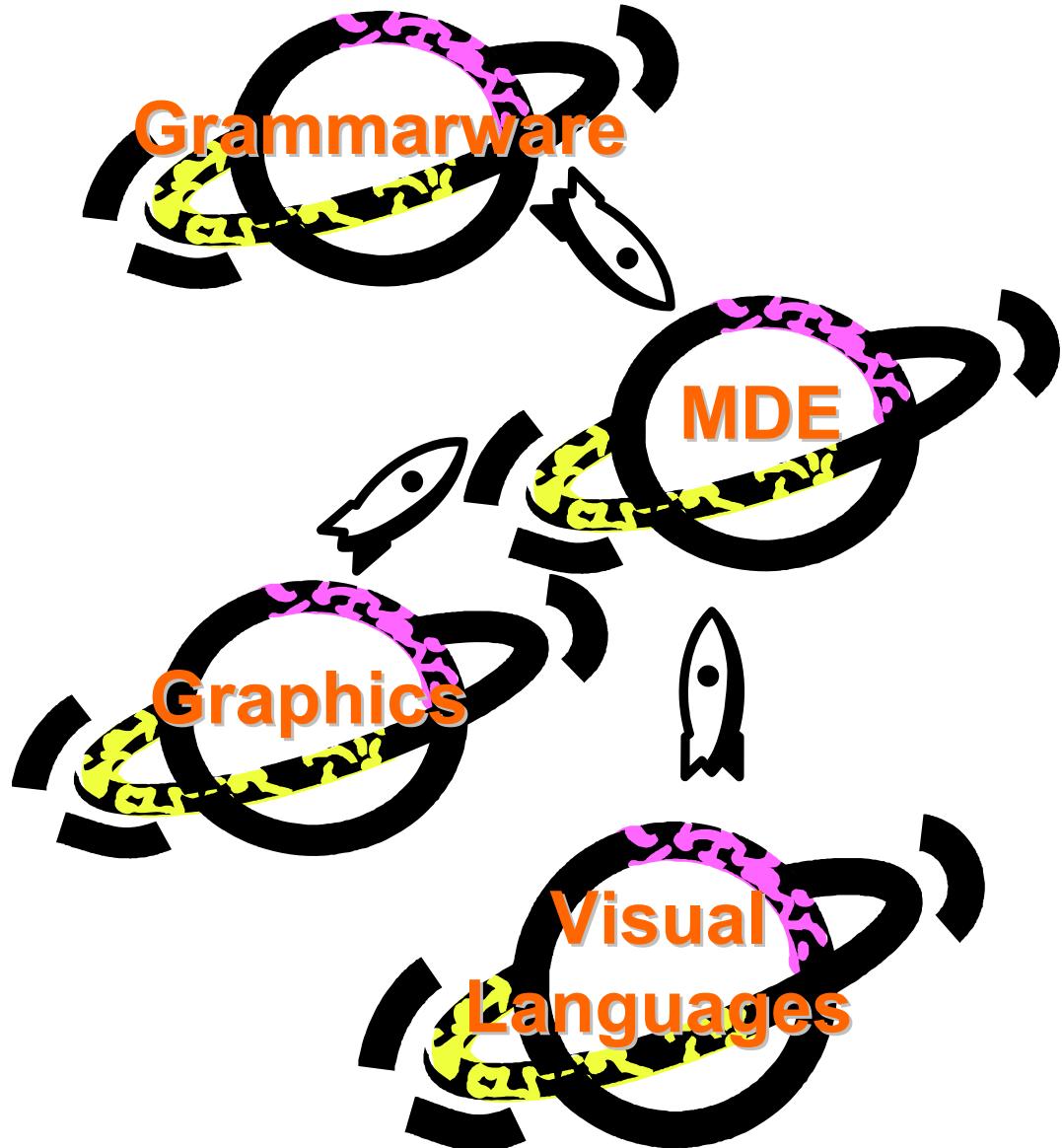
??? →



# State of the art



# Strategy



# Contents

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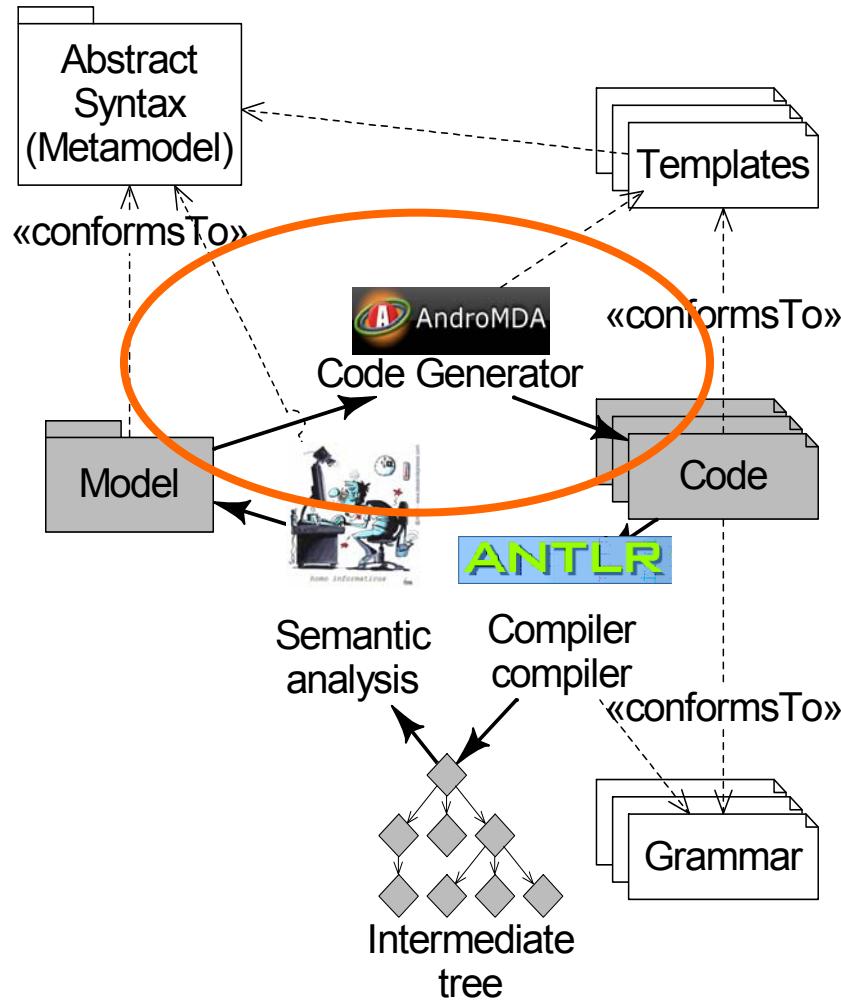
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- Conclusions

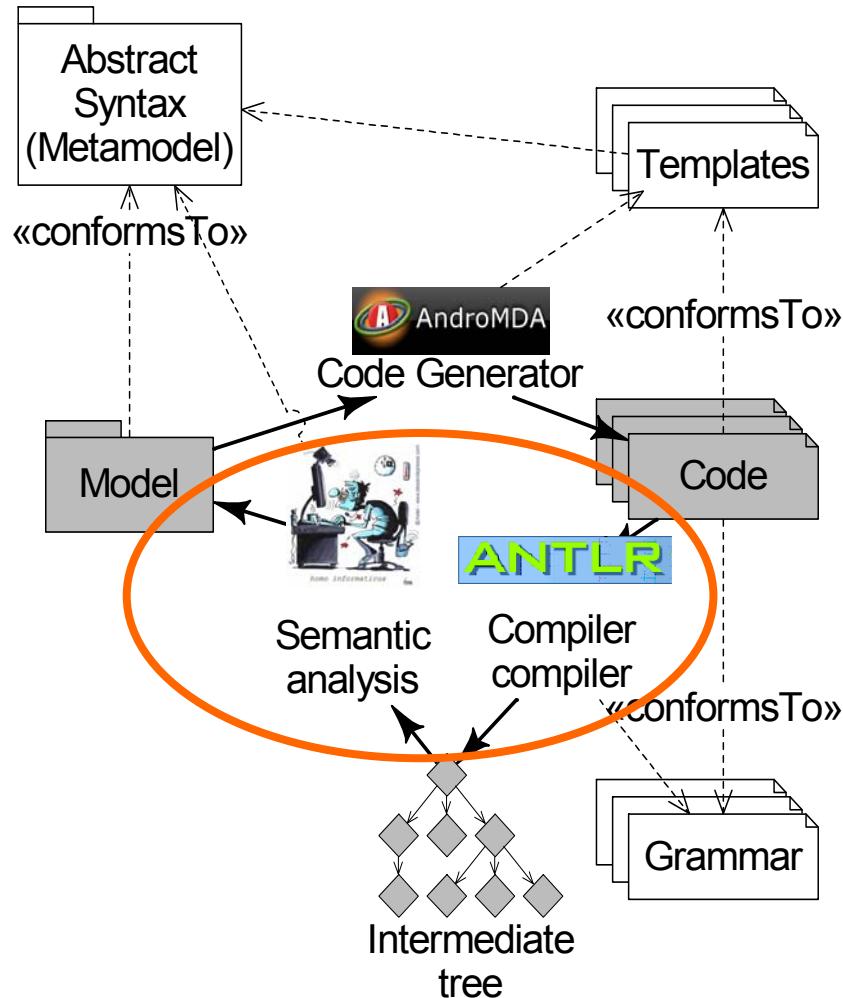
# Typical Implementation

White: M2  
Grey: M1



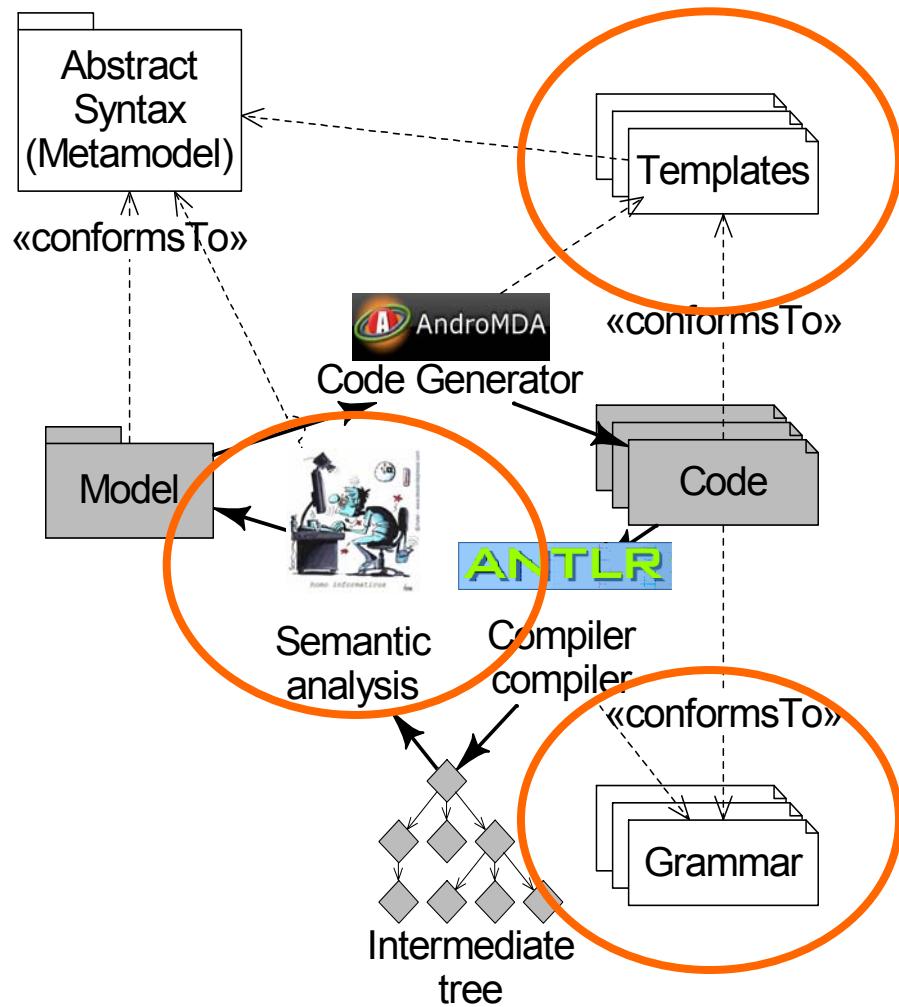
# Typical Implementation

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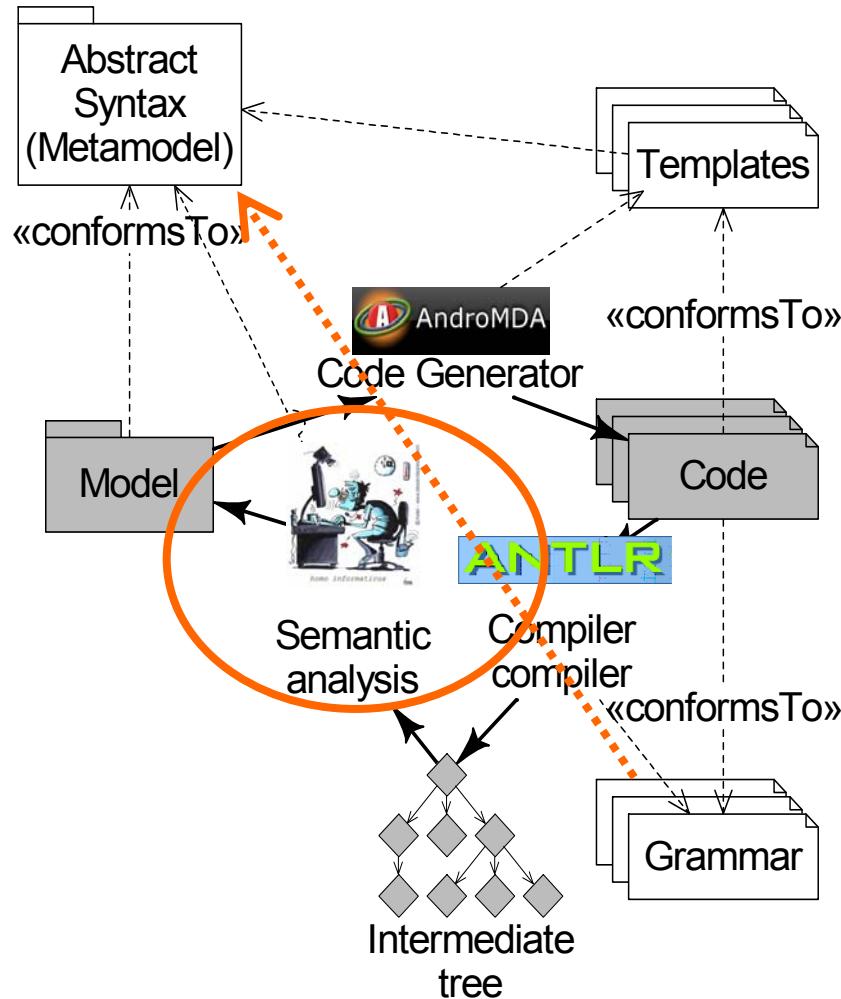
# Typical Implementation

White: M2  
Grey: M1



# Typical Implementation

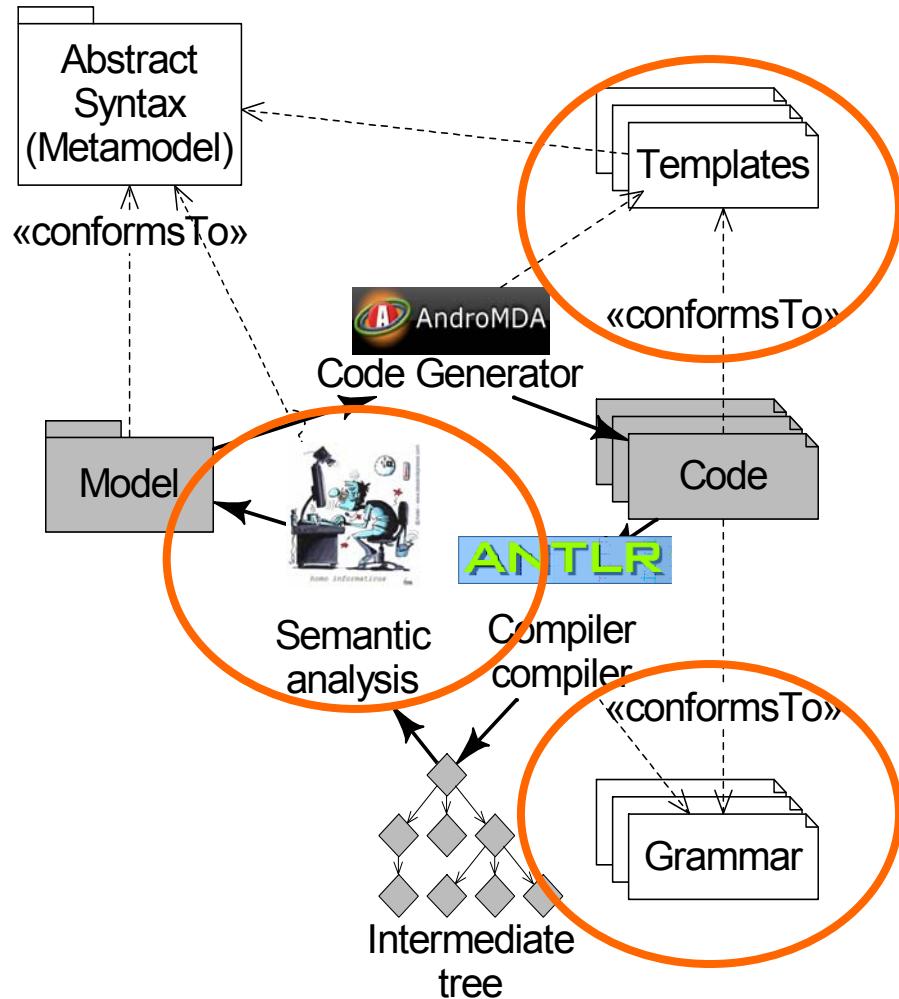
White: M2  
Grey: M1



- Concrete syntax tree and model
  - Not connected !
  - Different nature !
  - Hard to relate....
  - Hand-coded...

# Typical Implementation

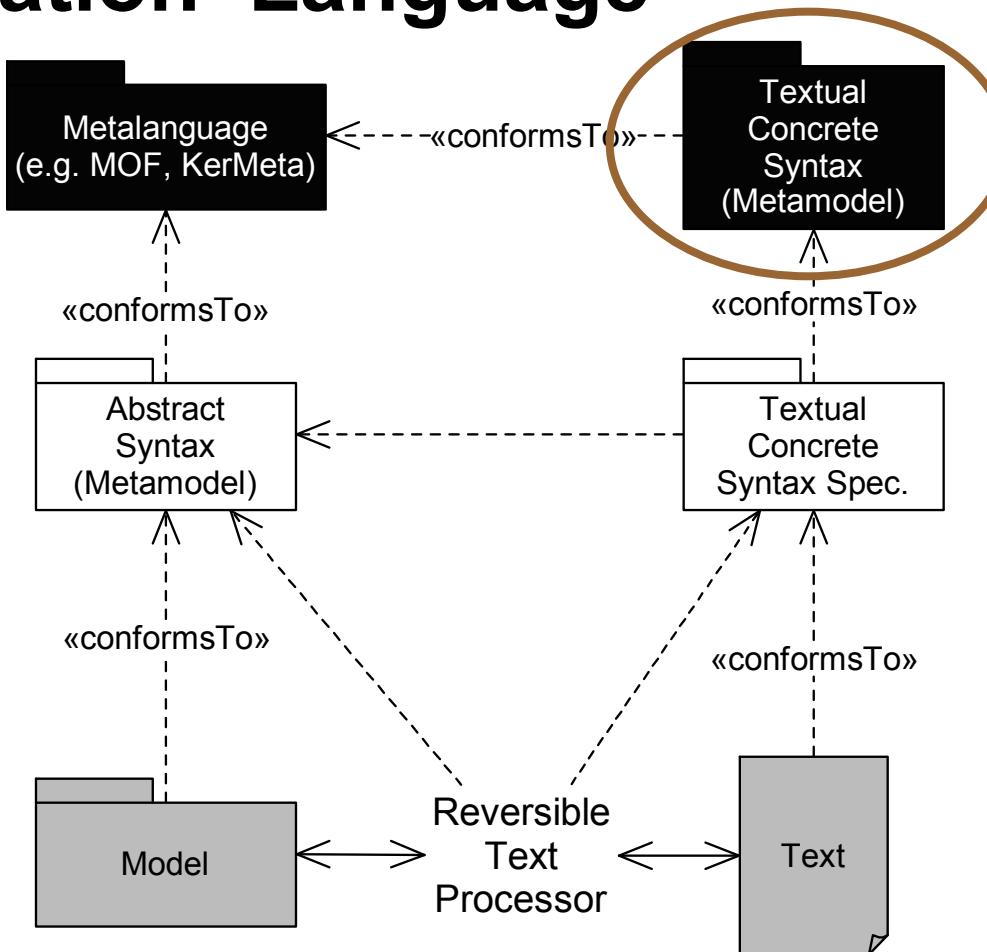
White: M2  
Grey: M1



- Code generation templates, Grammar, and Semantic analysis
  - Double conformance !
    - Double specification...
    - Triple maintenance points...
    - No automated coherence proof...

# Specification Language

Black: M3  
White: M2  
Grey: M1

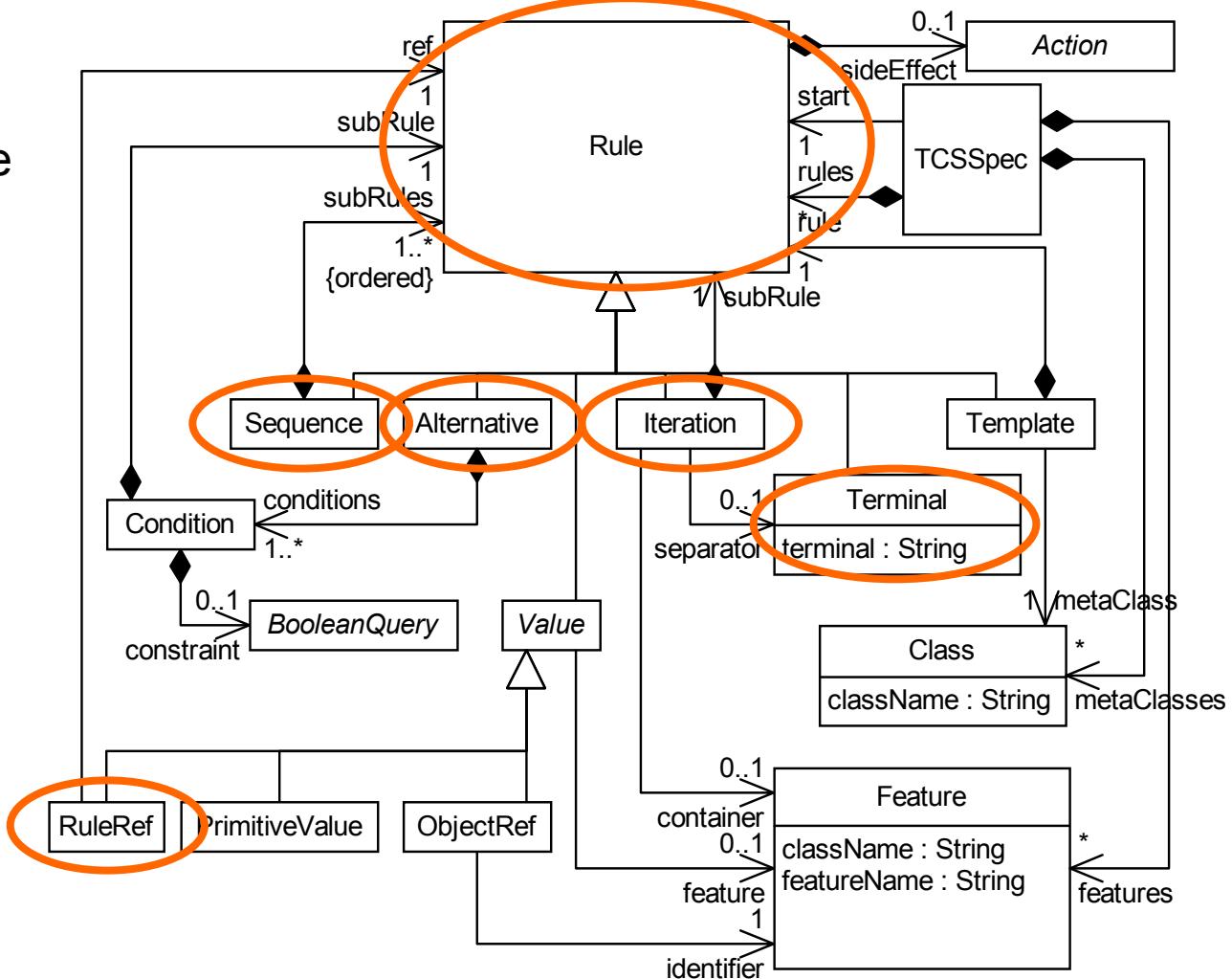


- No concrete syntax
  - Help yourself !

# TCSSpec Metamodel

Inspired from

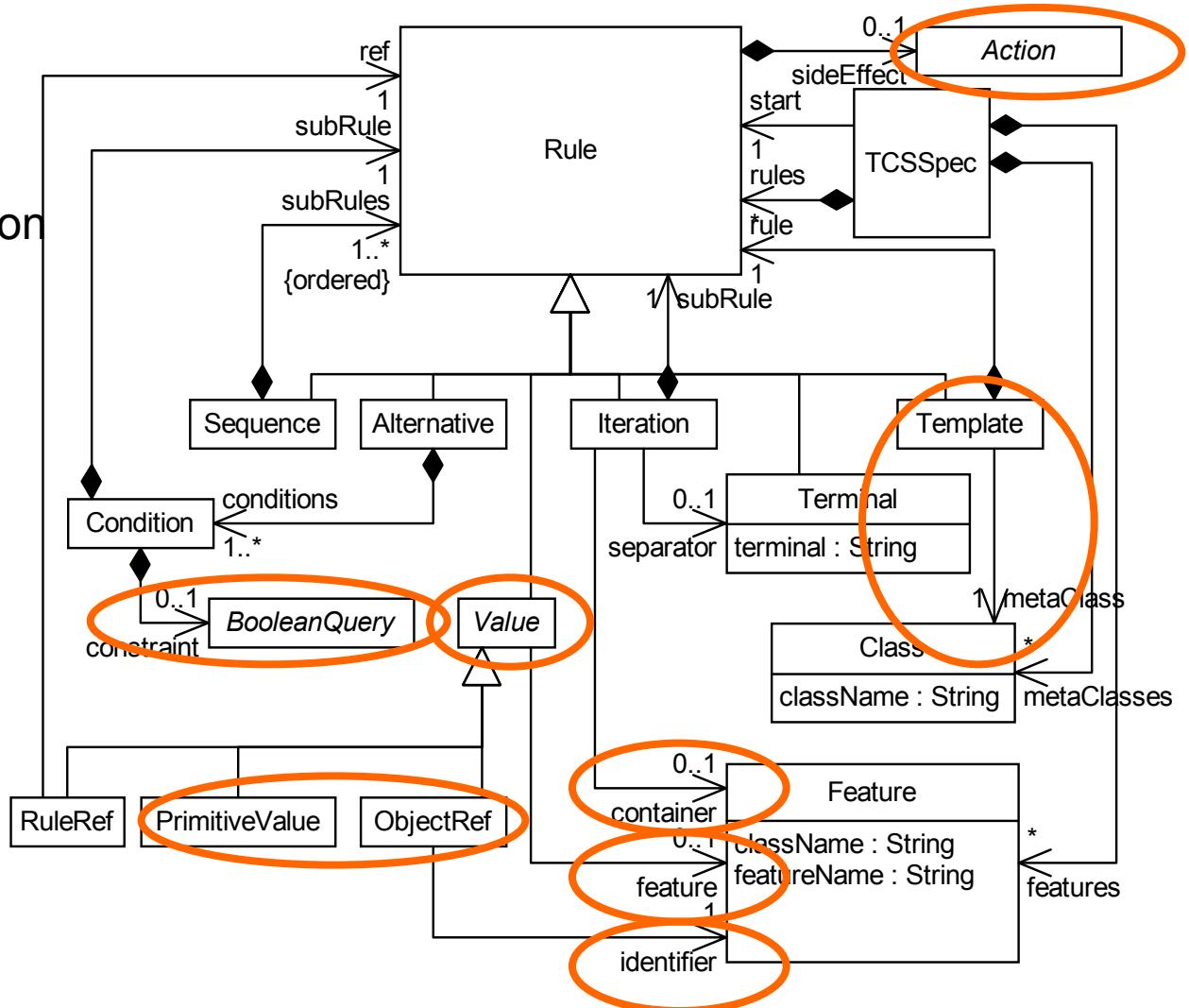
- EBNF
  - Text structure
- Netsilon



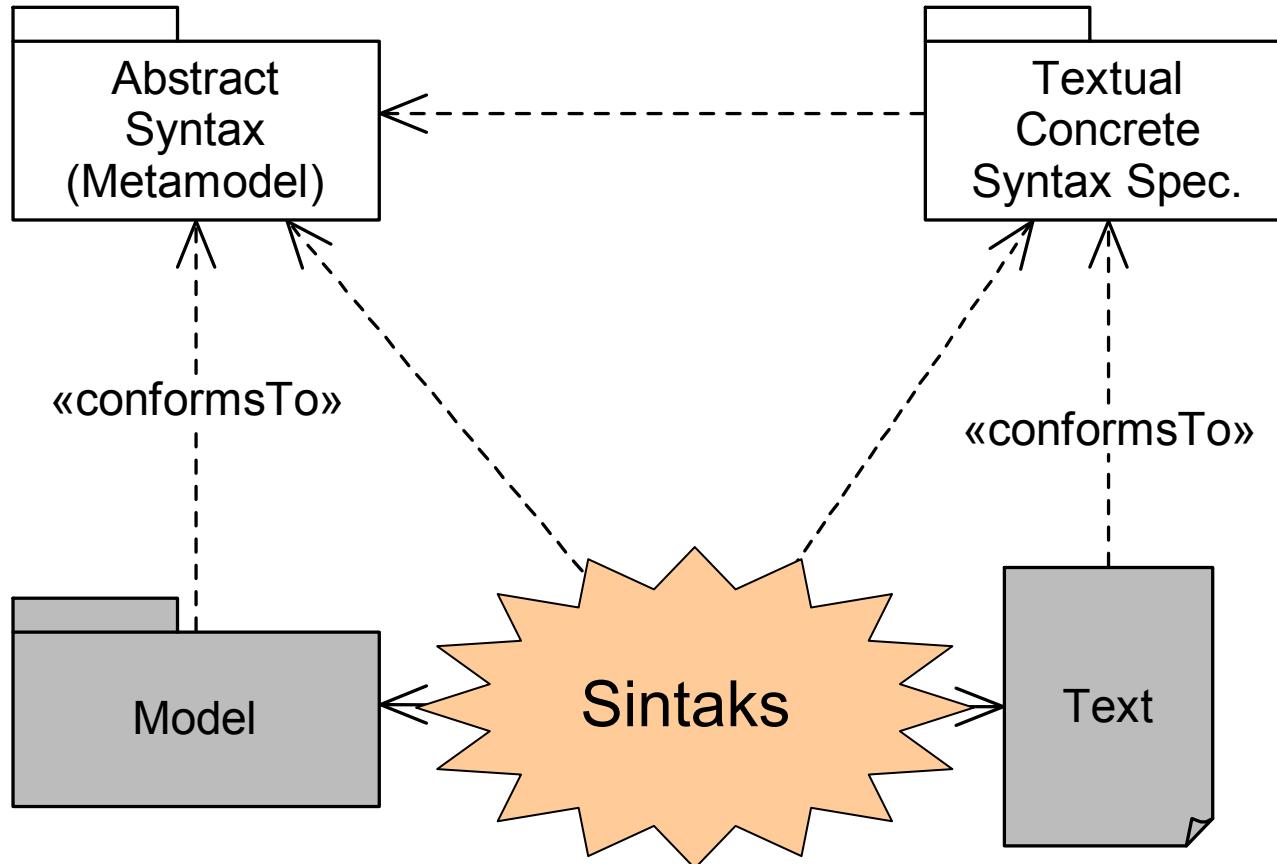
# TCSSpec Metamodel

Inspired from

- EBNF
- Netsilon
  - Model Navigation

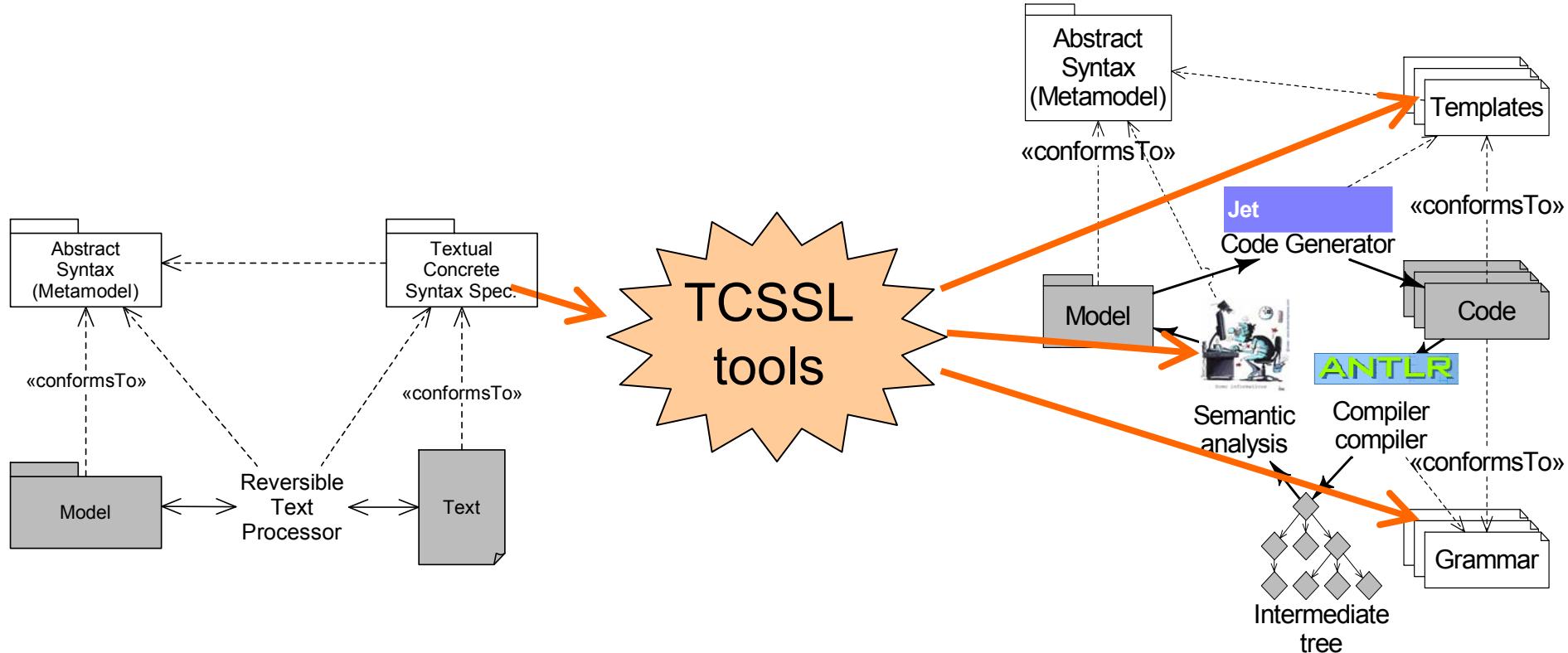


# Prototypes: Sintaks



# Prototypes: TCSSL Tools

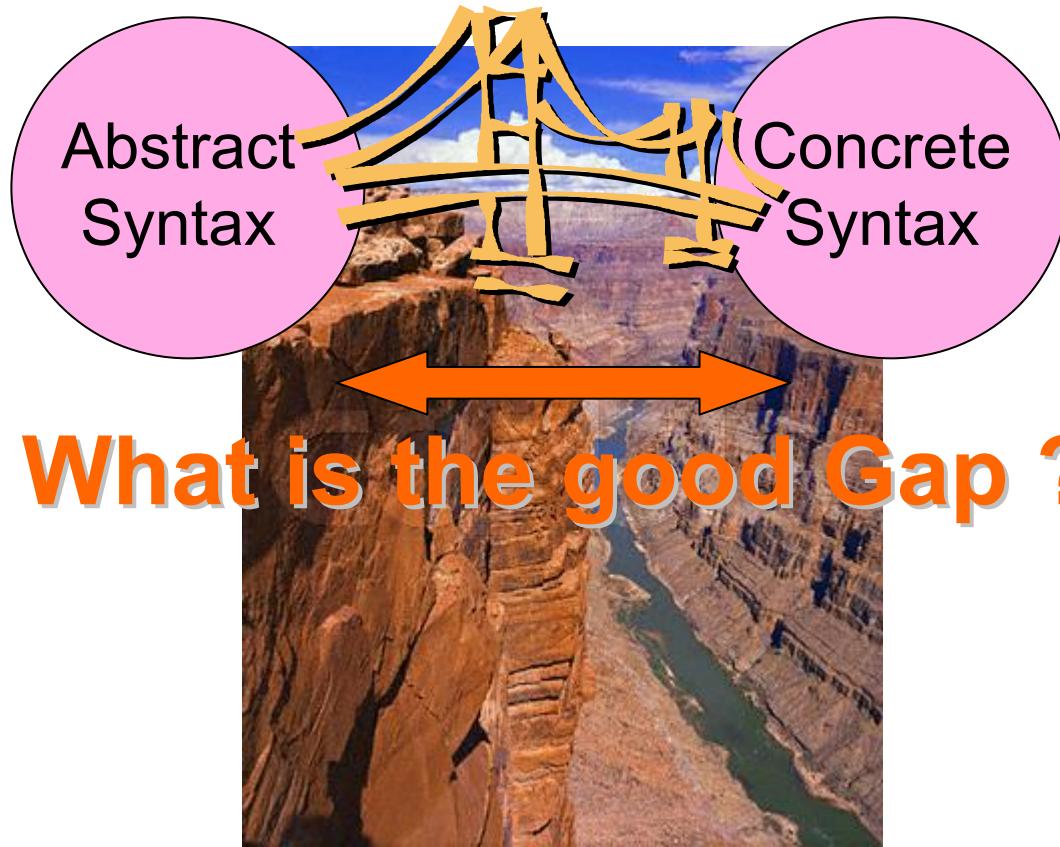
cea



# Conceptual differences

- TCSSL Tools (CEA)
  - Instantiation rules
    - Create / search / search and create if not exists
  - Auto-call of subrules according to inheritance hierarchy
    - Avoids the `spaceR` rule
    - A problem for rule precedence
  - Tests limited to comparisons
    - Tests interpreted as actions at analysis
- Sintaks (UHA)
  - Test limited to specific queries
    - Attribute values
    - Object types
  - No actions
  - Late binding of references

# Question



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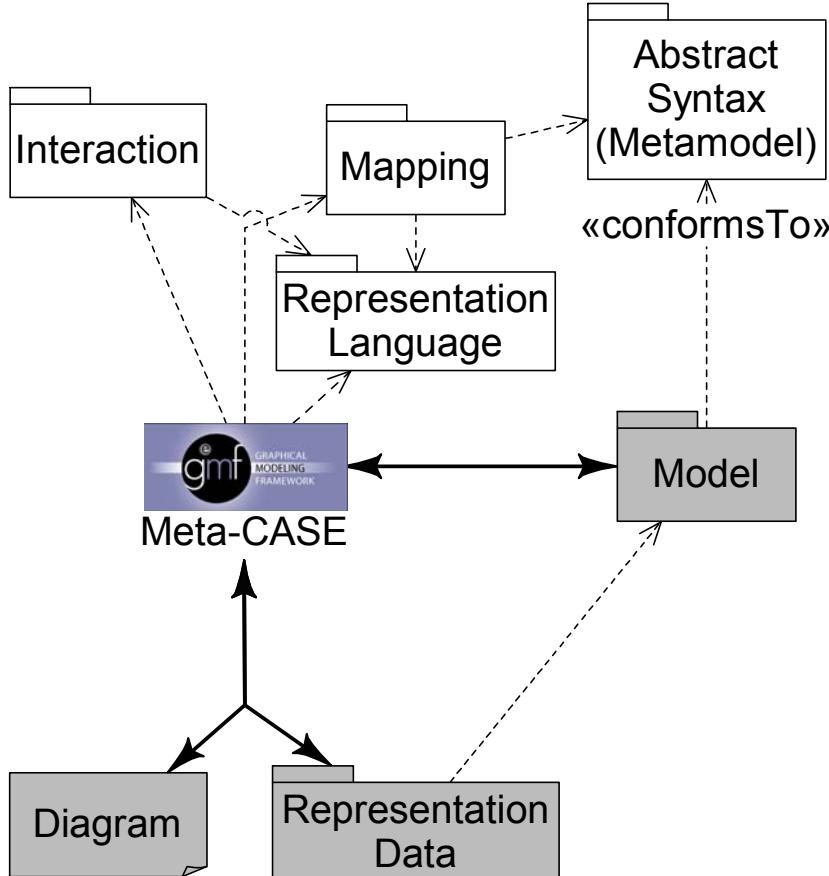
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- Conclusions

# Typical Implementation

White: M2  
Grey: M1



- Not adopted by industry yet
  - MVC with 2D graphical libraries

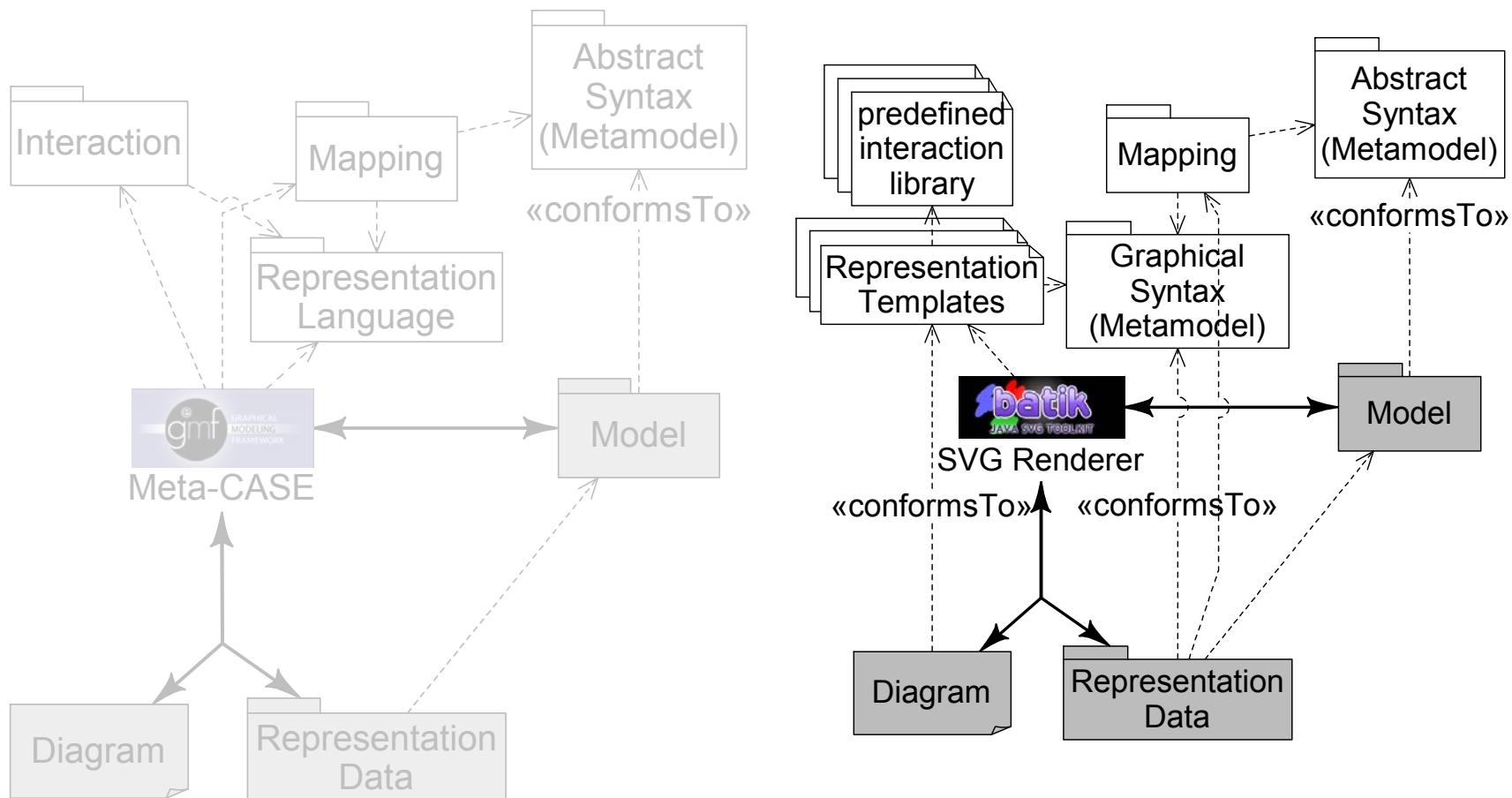
# Problems

White: M2  
Grey: M1

- Not limited to connection-based languages
- Reversible mapping
- Versatile representation language
- Clear representation data structure
- Library of reusable interactions

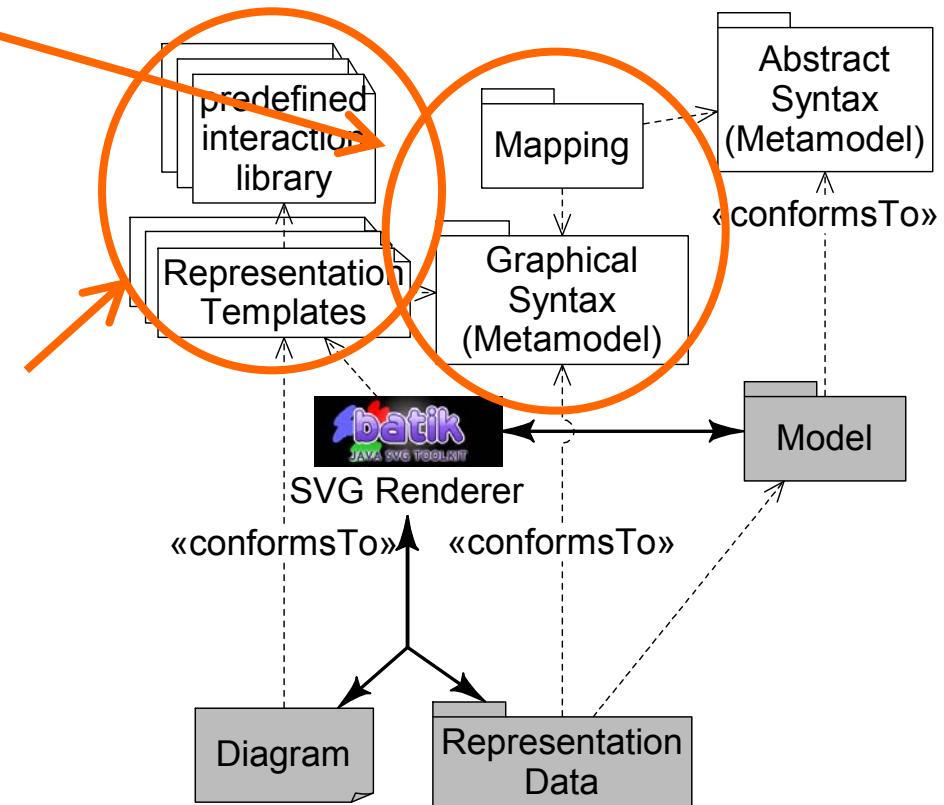
# Idea

White: M2  
Grey: M1



# Graphical concrete syntax definition

- Concrete syntax model and mapping
  - Fixes concrete syntax elements
  - Fixes relationship with abstract syntax
- Concrete syntax graphical design
  - Fixes appearance
  - Fixes layout constraints
  - Fixes edition facilities
  - Fixes link with concrete syntax model



# The Representation Language

- Render Vector Graphics
  - Render “Terminal” Symbols
  - As open as possible
- Controllable by an API (online rendering)
  - Implementation for interaction library
  - Possibility to specify variation points
    - Mean to access the model
- Possibility to specify layout constraints

# The Representation Language

- ✓ Render Vector Graphics
  - ✓ Not connection-based only
  - ✓ As open as possible
- Controllable by an API (online rendering)
  - Implementation for interaction library
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**SVG**

# The Representation Language

- ✓ Render Vector Graphics
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**SVG** + **DOM**

# The Representation Language

- ✓ Render Vector Graphics
  - ✓ Not connection-based only
  - ✓ As open as possible
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**SVG**

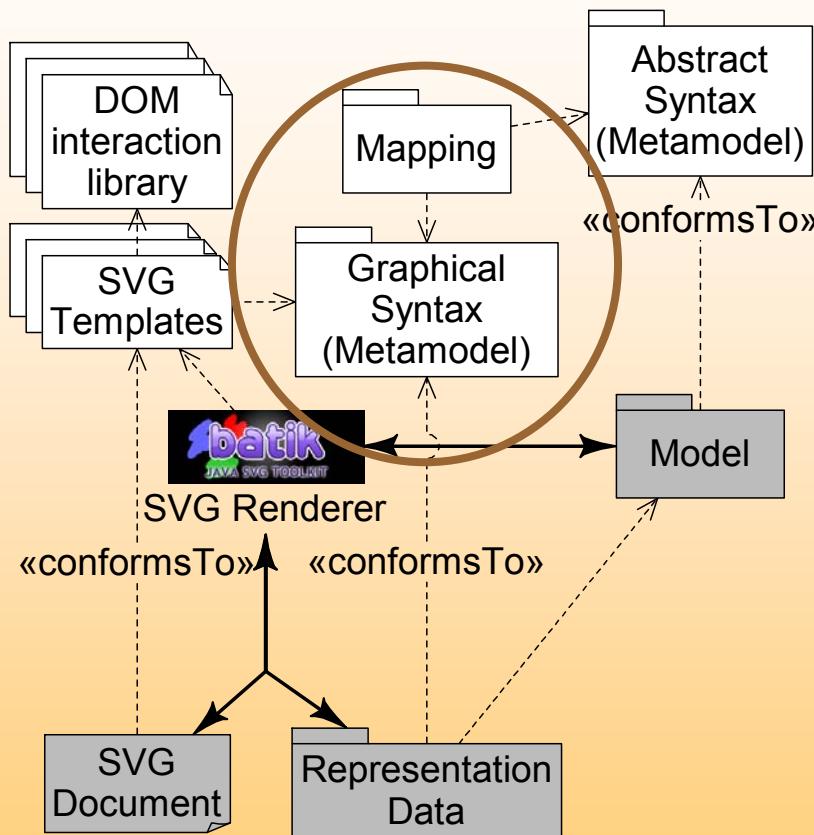
+

**DOM**

+

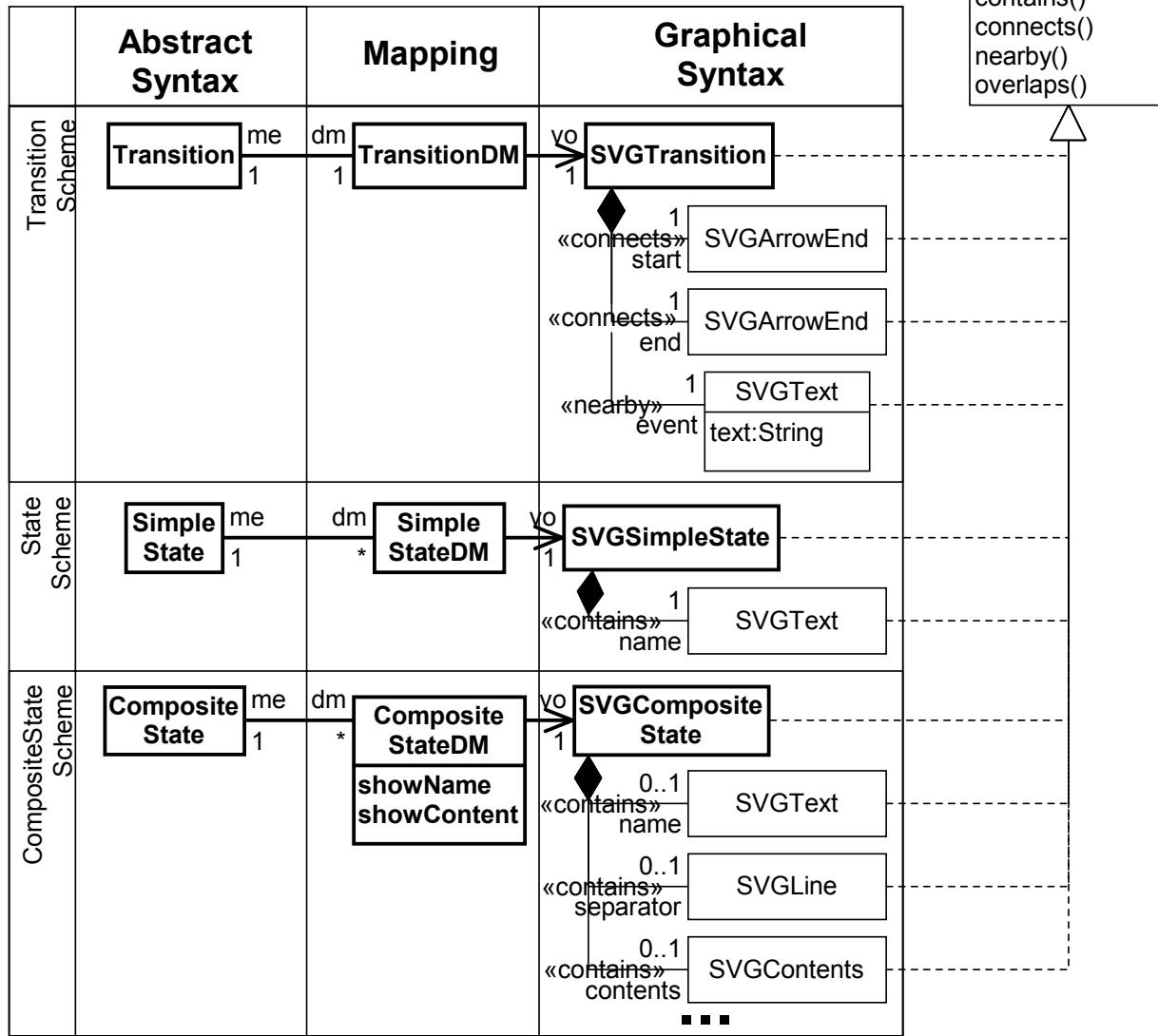
**C-SVG**

# Graphical concrete syntax definition



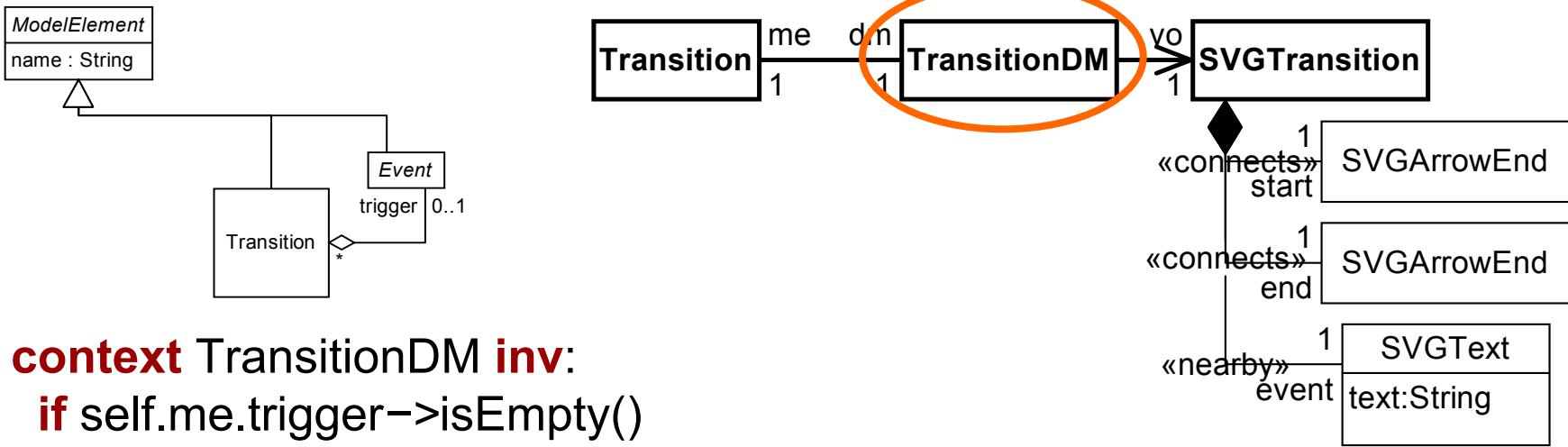
- Concrete syntax model
  - Fixes concrete syntax elements
  - Fixes relationship with abstract syntax
- Concrete syntax graphical design (with a demo)
  - Fixes appearance
  - Fixes layout constraints
  - Fixes edition facilities
  - Fixes link with concrete syntax model

# Concrete syntax model



# Concrete syntax model

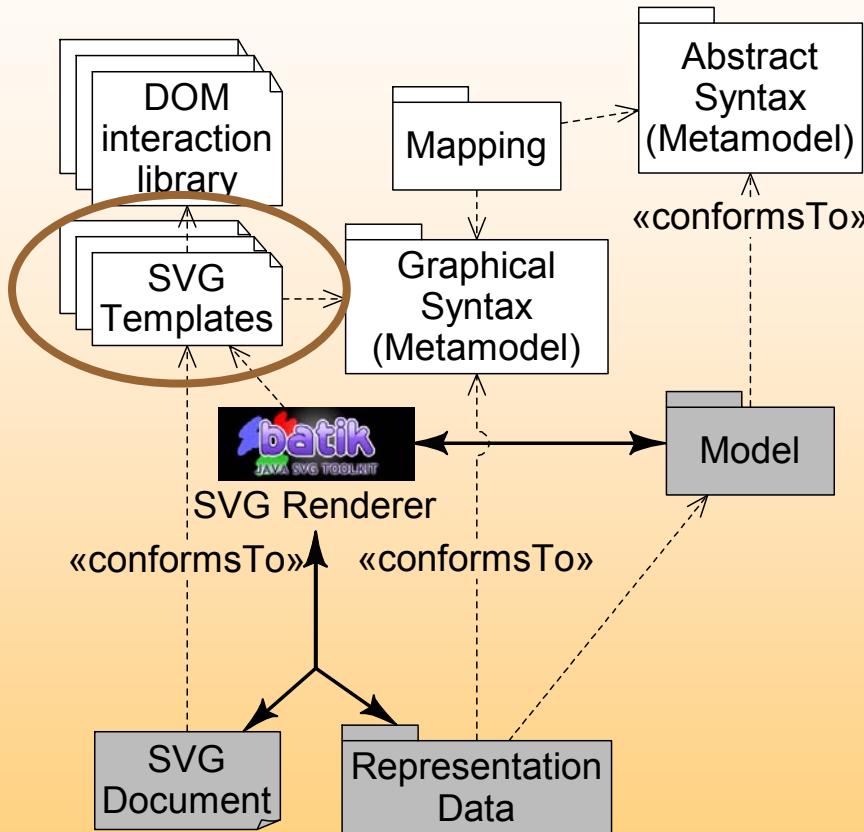
A text is shown on the top of transitions to represent the triggering event if it exists.



**context** TransitionDM **inv**:

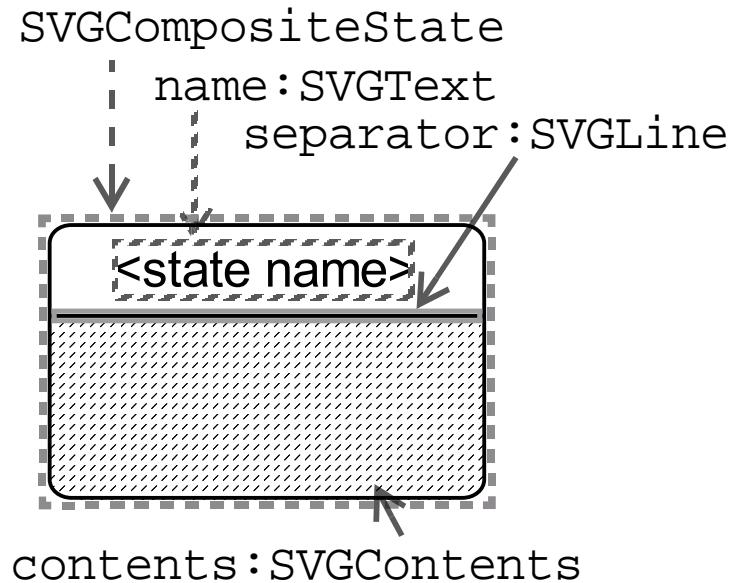
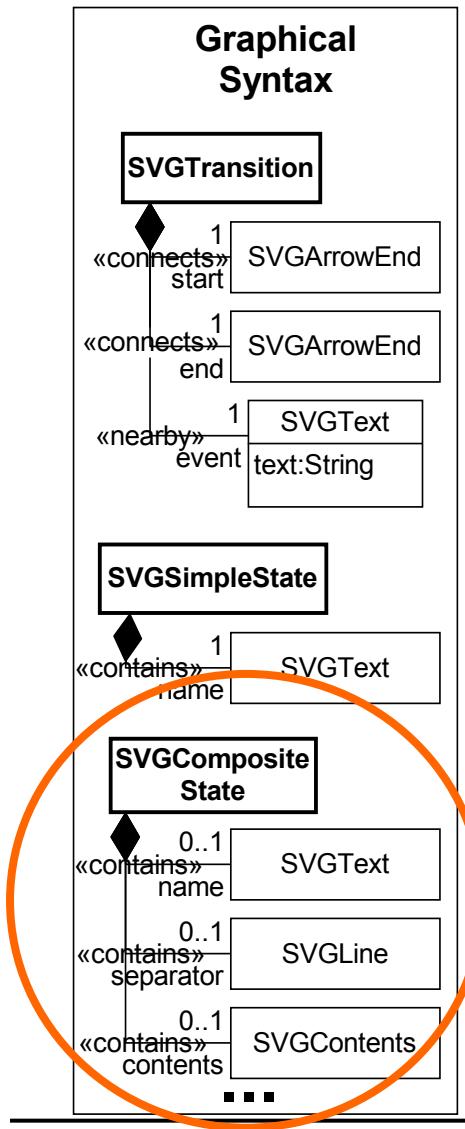
```
if self.me.trigger->isEmpty()
then self.vo.event.text.size() = 0
else self.vo.event.text = self.me.trigger.name
endif
```

# Graphical concrete syntax definition

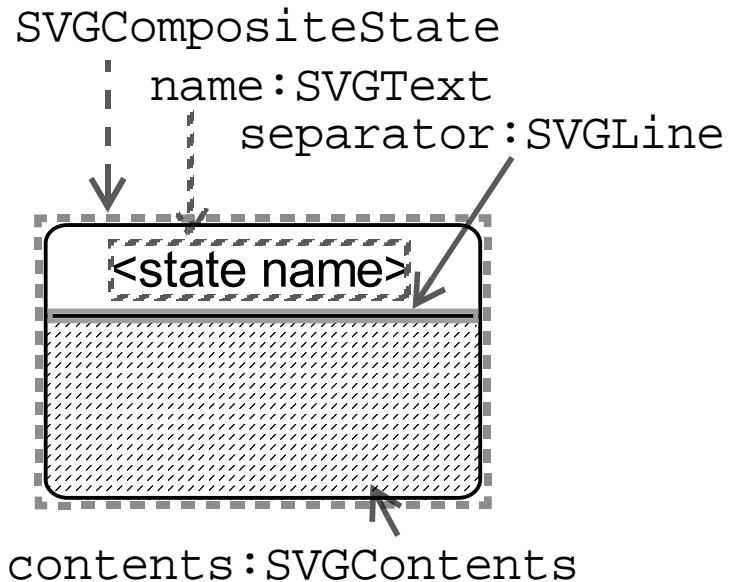
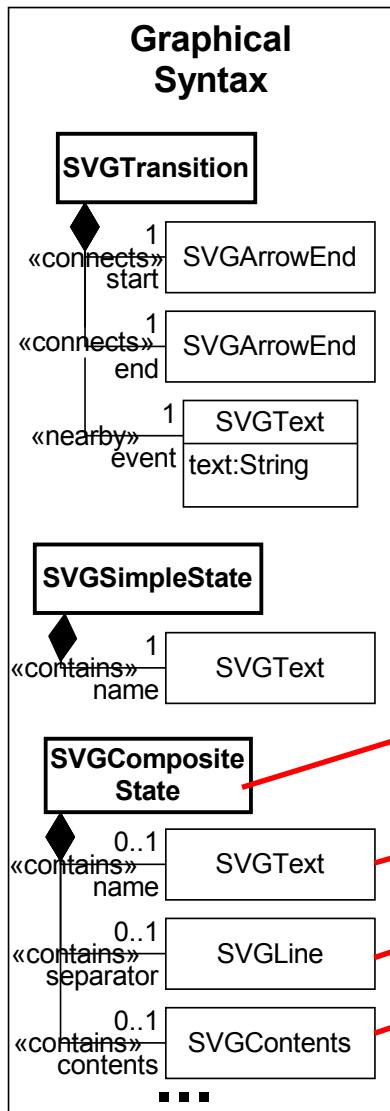


- Concrete syntax model
  - Fixes concrete syntax elements
  - Fixes relationship with abstract syntax
- Concrete syntax graphical design
  - Fixes appearance
  - Fixes layout constraints
  - Fixes edition facilities
  - Fixes link with concrete syntax model

# Solving appearance



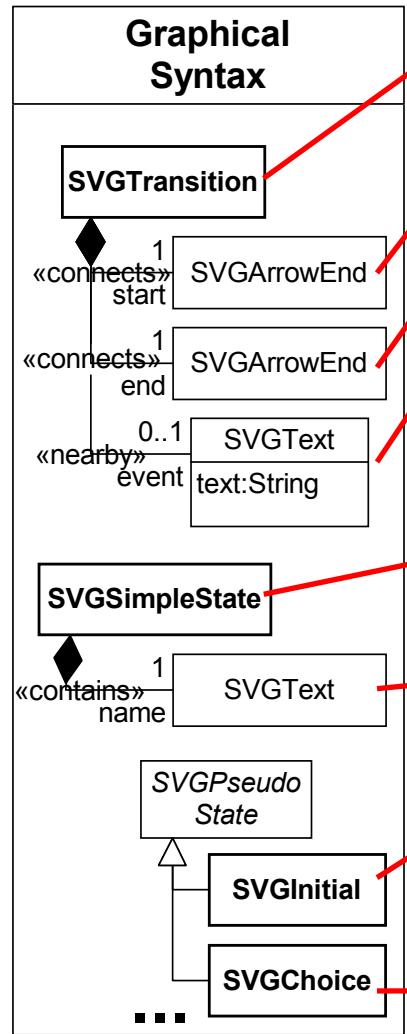
# Solving appearance



```
<svg ...>
<g id="$$">
  <rect id="back_$$" .../>
  <text id="name_$$" .../>
  <line id="end_$$" .../>
  <rect id="contents_$$" .../>
  ...
</g>
</svg>
```

The diagram shows the XML representation of an **SVGCompositeState** element. It consists of an **<svg>** tag containing a **<g>** tag. Inside the **<g>** tag are several other SVG elements: a **<rect>** (id="back\_\$\$"), a **<text>** (id="name\_\$\$"), a **<line>** (id="end\_\$\$"), and another **<rect>** (id="contents\_\$\$"). There are also ellipsis (...) and closing tags (**</g>** and **</svg>**). Red arrows point from the **name**, **separator**, and **contents** associations in the UML diagram to the corresponding XML elements.

# Solving appearance



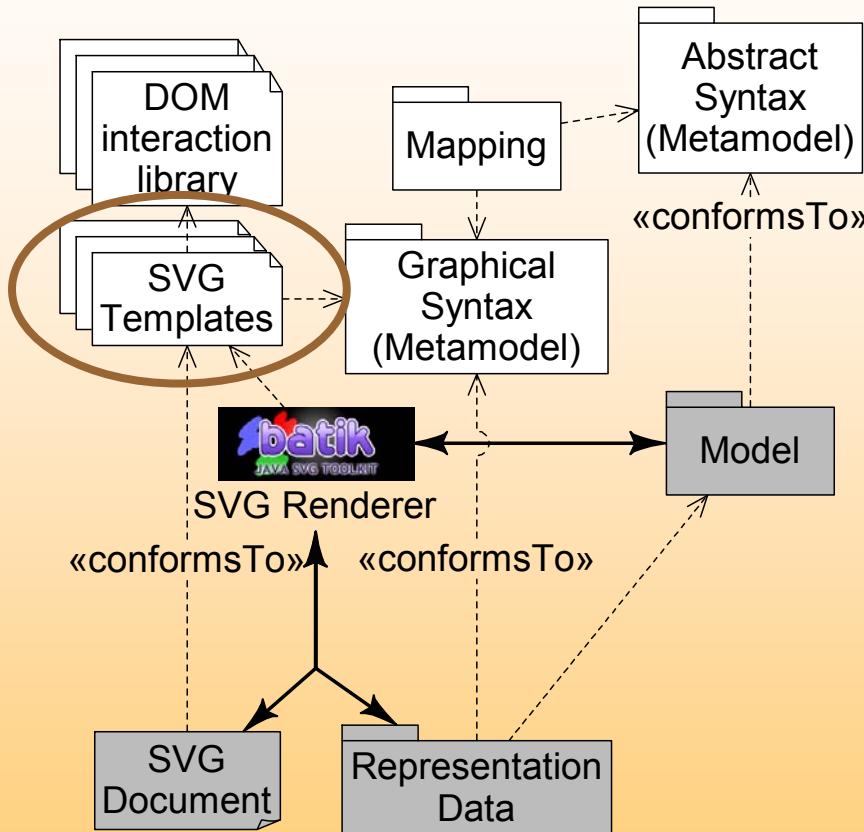
```
<svg ...>
<rect name="start_$$" visibility="hidden" .../>
<polygon name="end_$$" .../>
<text name="event_$$" .../>
...
</svg>
```

```
<svg ...>
<g ...>
<rect .../>
<text name="name_$$" .../>
...
</g>
</svg>
```

```
<svg ...>
...
</svg>
```



# Graphical concrete syntax definition



- Concrete syntax model
  - Fixes concrete syntax elements
  - Fixes relationship with abstract syntax
- Concrete syntax graphical design
  - Fixes appearance
  - Fixes layout constraints
  - Fixes edition facilities
  - Fixes link with concrete syntax model

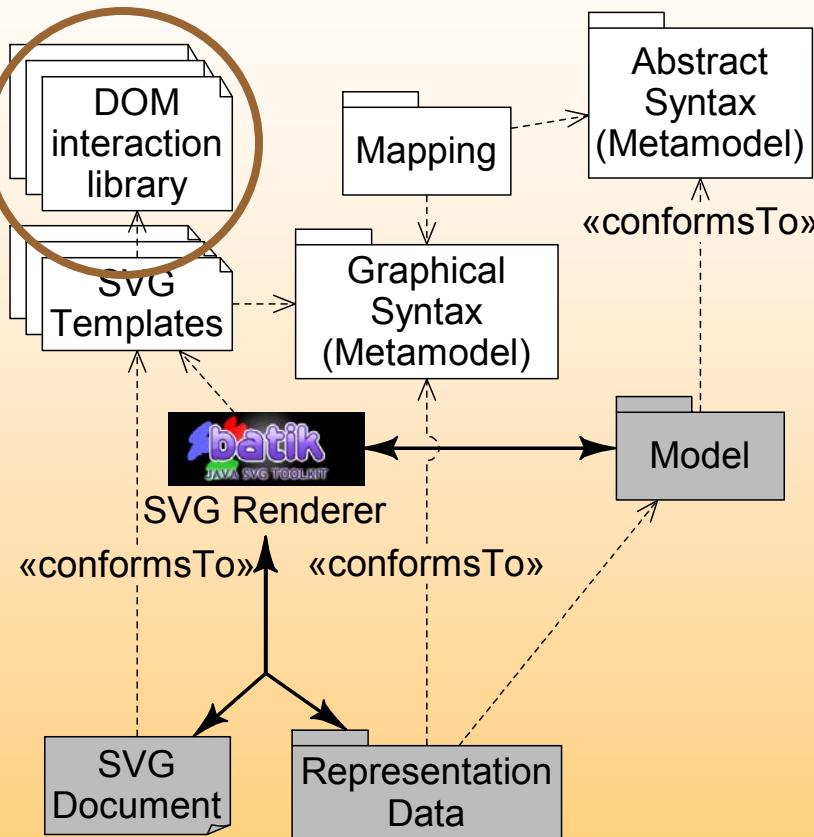
# Solving layout constraints

- OCL on graphical syntax metamodel => between elts
- C-SVG : one-way constraints (from Monash Uni.)  
CompositeState Template:

Background should not be smaller than text.

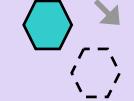
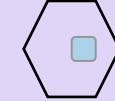
```
<svg ...>
<csvg:variable name="w_$$"
  value="c:max(c:width(c:bbox(id('name_$$'))) + 20, 150)"/>
<rect ...>
  <csvg:constraint attributeName="width" value="$w_$$"/>
</rect>
<text name="name_$$" ...>
  <csvg:constraint attributeName="x" value="$w_$$ div 2 - 75"/>
</text>
...
</svg>
```

# Graphical concrete syntax definition



- Concrete syntax model
  - Fixes concrete syntax elements
  - Fixes relationship with abstract syntax
- Concrete syntax graphical design
  - Fixes appearance
  - Fixes layout constraints
  - Fixes edition facilities
  - Fixes link with concrete syntax model

# DopiDOM components library

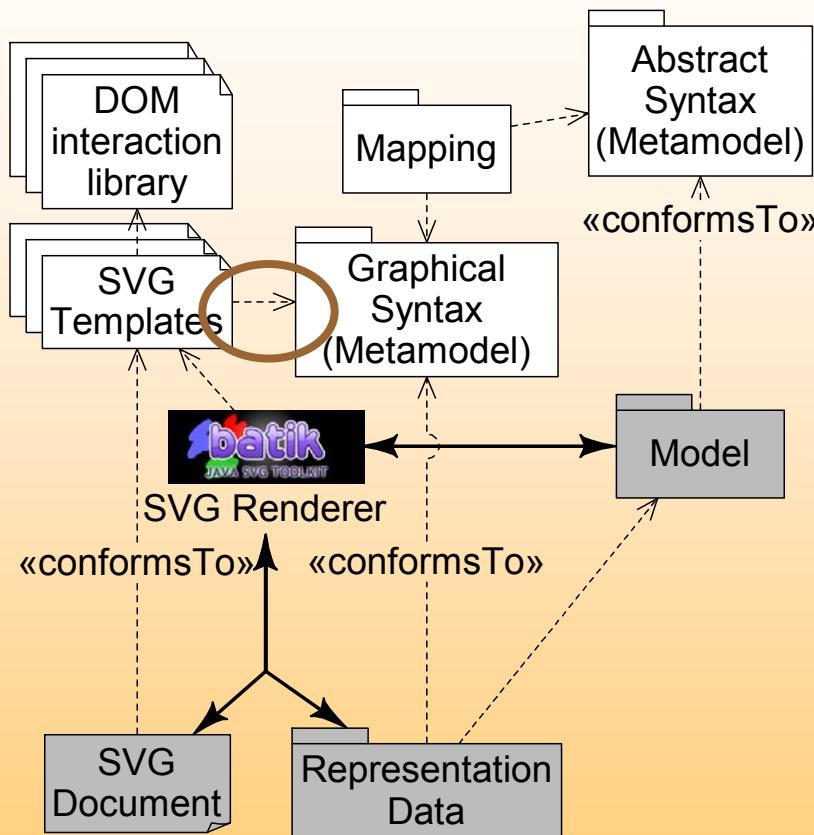
Interface		Interface	
BorderSlidable		Stickable	
DirectionAdjustable		Translatable	
Locatable		BorderFindable	
Positionable		OriginGettable	
Containable		Container	
Editable		Etc...	

# Solving edition facilities

CompositeState template

```
<svg ...>
  <g dpi:component="Containable, Translatable, ..." ...>
    <rect dpi:component="BorderFindable, ..." .../>
    <rect dpi:component="Container, ..." .../>
    <text dpi:component="Editable, ..." .../>
    ...
  </g>
</svg>
```

# Graphical concrete syntax definition



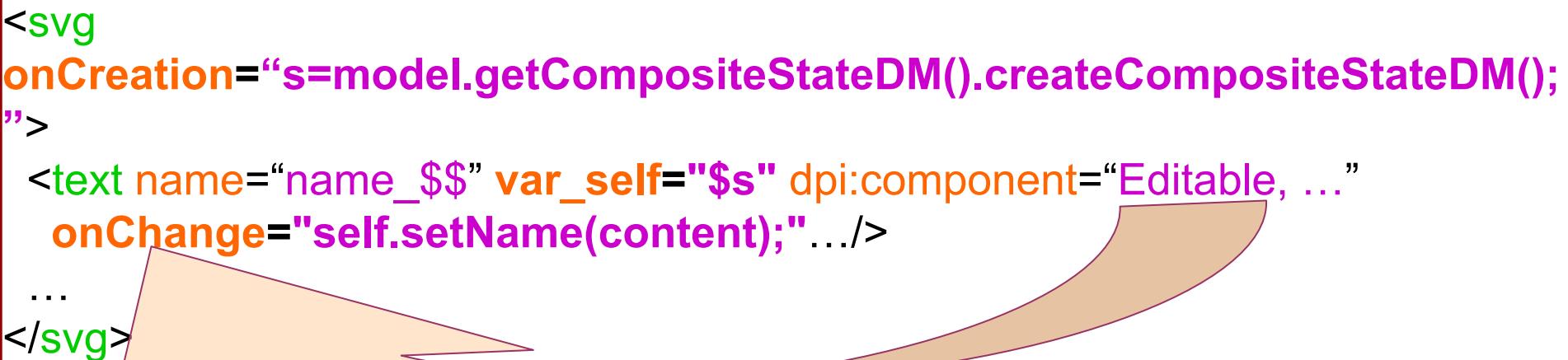
- Concrete syntax model
  - Fixes concrete syntax elements
  - Fixes relationship with abstract syntax
- Concrete syntax graphical design
  - Fixes appearance
  - Fixes layout constraints
  - Fixes edition facilities
  - Fixes link with concrete syntax model

# Representation Link: DopiDOM events

- Events depend on DopiDOM component
- Reaction to events defined in templates
  - Java JMI or EMF, KerMETA, Xion, etc.
- Initial / Load / Save scripts

## CompositeState template

```
<svg  
onCreation="s=model.getCompositeStateDM().createCompositeStateDM();"  
>  
<text name="name_$$" var_self="$s" dpi:component="Editable, ..."  
  onChange="self.setName(content);"/>  
...  
</svg>
```

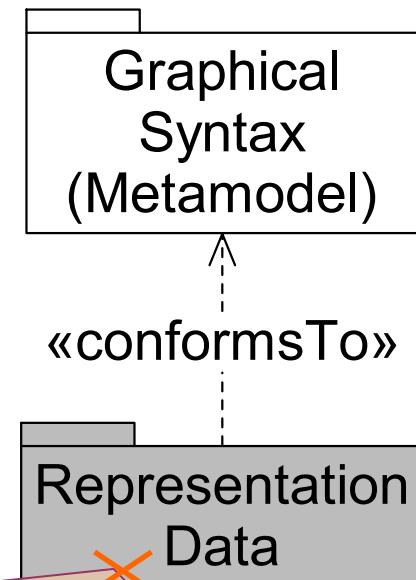


# Representation Link: Value events

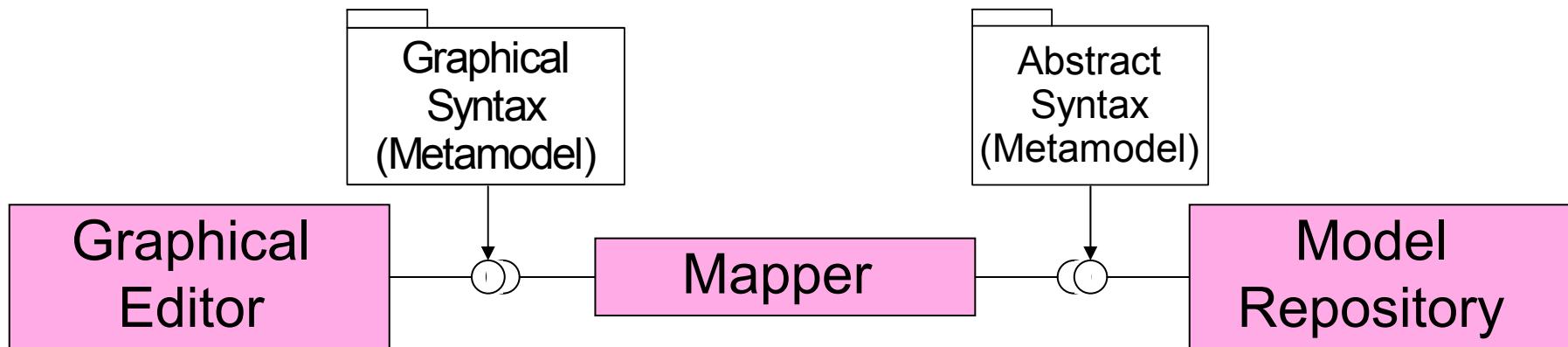
- One listener synchronizing
  - An attribute value on the model with
  - an attribute value on the SVG document

CompositeState template revisited

```
<svg onCreation="s= ... " ... ></g ... >
<text name="name_$$" value="...>
  <csvg:val value="../@value" />
  <updater
    attributeName="value"
    var_source="$s"
    slot="name" />
</text>
...
</g></svg>
```



# Separation of concerns



↑  
**Relates a model  
and a graphical  
representation**

↑  
**Relates two things  
of same nature**

- Avoids abstract/concrete syntax pollution
- Improves reusability
- Minimizes maintenance points
- Mapping can be complex (large gap !)

# Contents

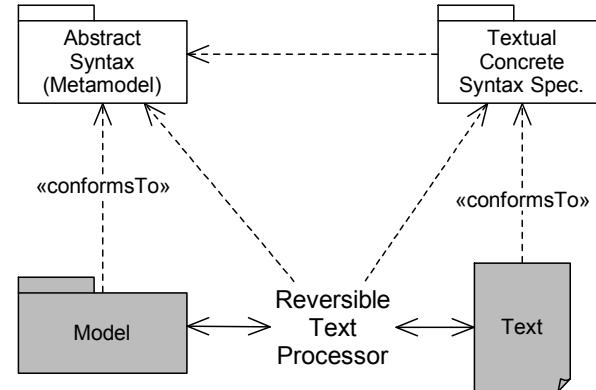
- Model Driven Engineering
- Concrete Syntaxes
  - Textual concrete syntax definition
  - Graphical concrete syntax definition
- Conclusions

# Conclusions

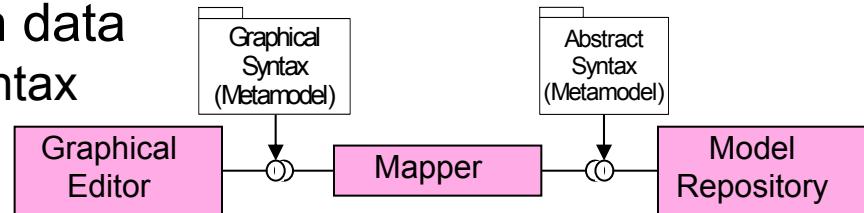
- Language proliferation (MDE+DSM)
  - Language engineering is a key
- Solutions to fill abstract/concrete syntax gap
  - Abstract syntax provided as a metamodel
  - Focus on executable specifications
    - Human readable/producible ?

# Contributions

- Textual concrete syntax
  - “mapping” metamodel



- Approach to graphical concrete syntax specification
  - Metamodel for representation data
    - Interface for the concrete syntax
  - Mapping to abstract syntax



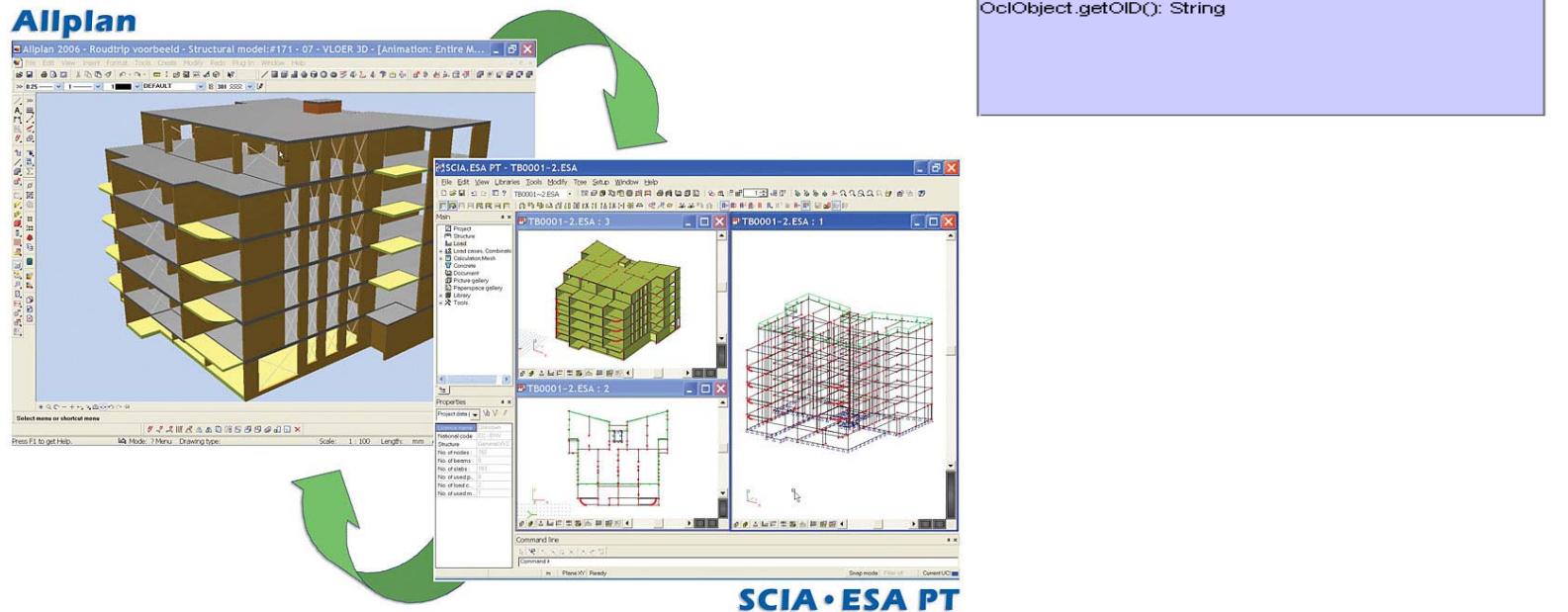
- Technology for graphical concrete syntax realization
  - Representation using SVG templates
  - Library of possible user interactions

```
<svg onCreation =“Java| ...” ...>
<g dpi:component=“Contained, Translatable, ...” ...>
<text dpi:component=“Editable, ...” .../>
...
</g>
</svg>
```

- Other technologies apply
  - (Triple) Graph Grammars
  - GMF, Topcased, ...

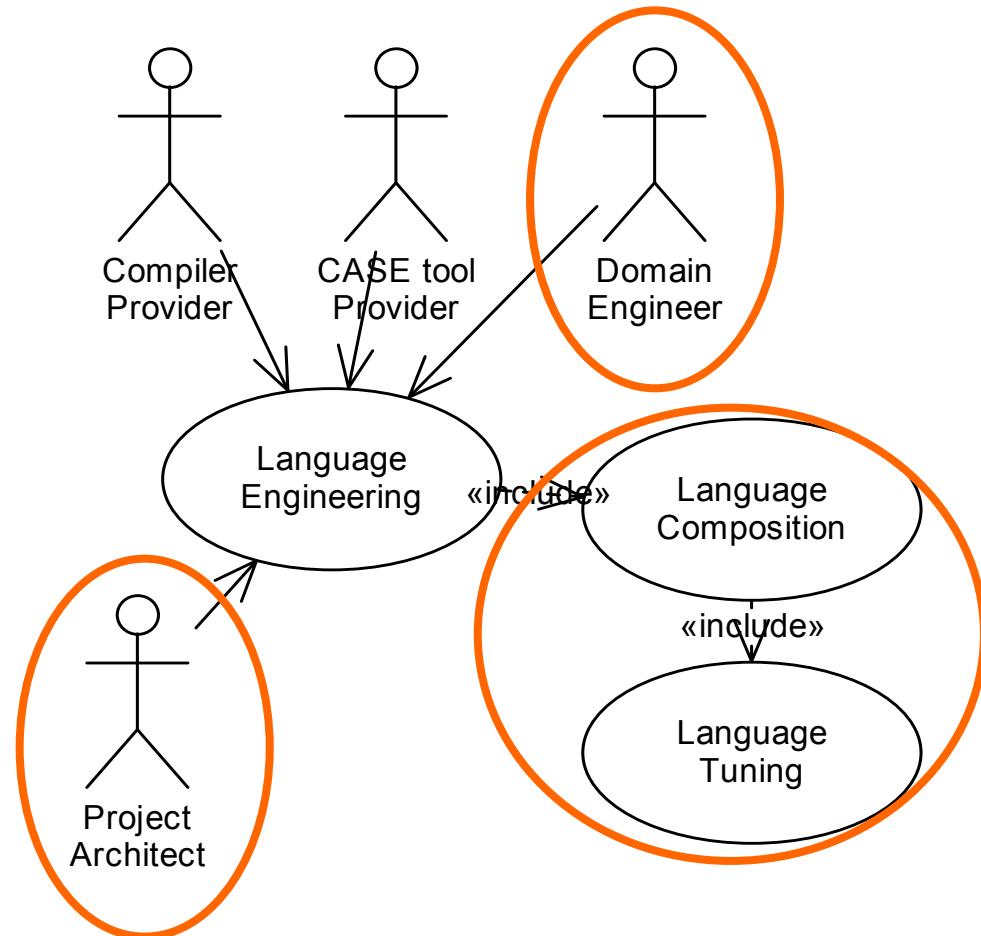
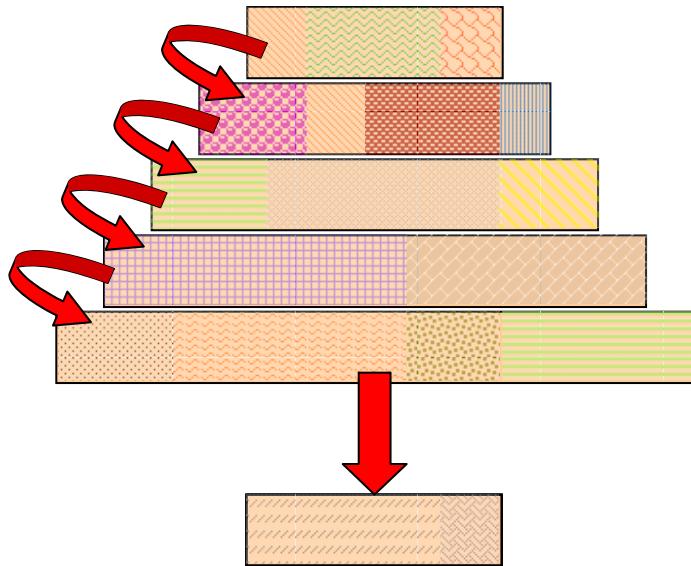
# Analytic –vs.– Interactive CS

- Solutions to textual and graphical CS are very different
  - Textual => usually analytic (with small gap)
  - Graphical => usually interactive (from no gap to large gap)
- Unification of solutions ?
- Inversion of solutions ?

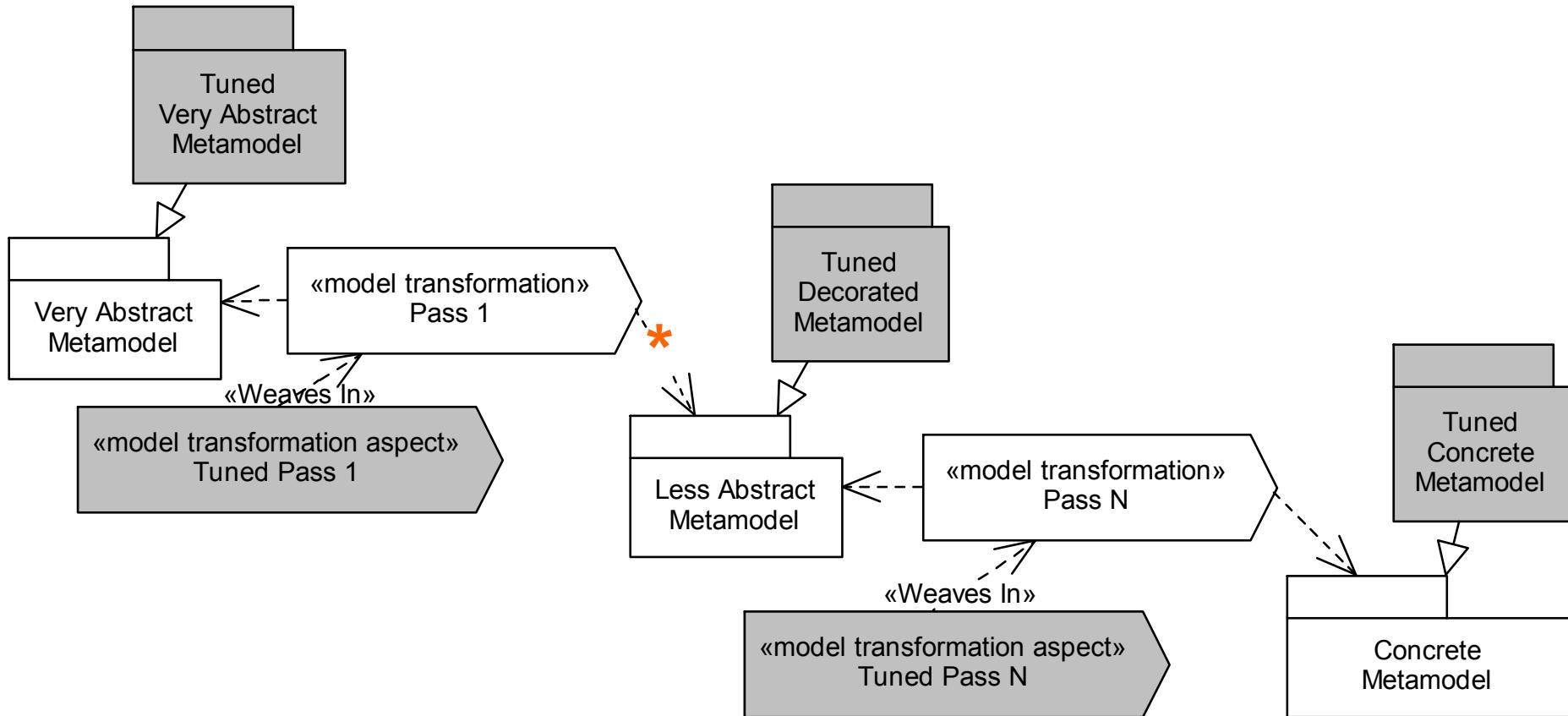


# Towards “Agile” Language Engineering

- Agile MDE Definition
  - Knowledge from real specialists !
  - “off-the-shelf (MDE) components”
  - Adaptable to each project



# Tuning MDE Artefacts



# Thank you !

